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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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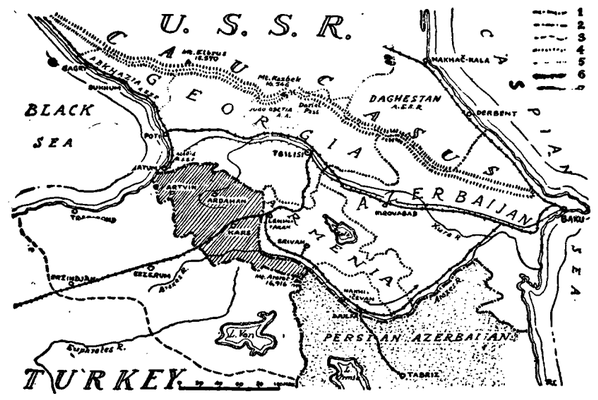

(1) Present frontiers between th U.S.S.R., Turkey and Persia (Iran); (2) Russo-Turkish Frontier in 1914; (3) The Wilson Line" suggested as the Turko-Armenian frontier 1920; (4) International boundaries of the Trans-Caucasian Soviet Socialist Republics; (5) Boundaries of the autonomous Soviet Socialist Republics and o the autonomous areas; (6) Main railways; (7) Baku-Batum pipeline. The shaded area is the present disputed zone between Soviet Union and Turkey.

The dotted area is the potential disputed zone between Soviet Union and Persia. (SEE PAGE 5)

U. S. LABOUR BATTLE FOR HIGHER WAGES

Strike Being Planned With Precision Of Major Military Manoeuvre

MR. D. F. KARAKA "CHRONICLE SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.
NEW YORK, Sept. 16.

THE TENSION BETWEEN LABOUR AND CAPITAL INDICATED IN MY EARLIER DESPATCHES HAS COME TO A CRISIS SOONER THAN EXPECTED. THE SCENE OF TENSION IS THE AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY. ALREADY, 248,000 ARE WORKLESS AND OVER A MILLION MORE ARE THREATENED TO BE JOBLESS IF STRIKES OCCUR.

General Motors Company is picked by labour as a test case to support its demand of 30 per cent wage increase. It is not an individual quarrel between employees and management of a single factory. It is forerunner of further agitation by labour in post-war America against Capital. It is the economic class war. The United Automobile workers' organisation has allotted a crore and twenty lacs of rupees for strike campaign. The Secretary of the Organisation, George Addes said "We are prepared to use our whole reserve funds plus those of local unions to win the battle for higher wages". After General Motors, the next on list is Ford and Chrysler Companies. Labour's idea is to strike while Capital is weak.

The atmosphere here is very similar to that of the British general strike of 1921.

World-wide gains made by labour have greatly influenced American workers. The Presidential mood and Wallace's plan for 60 million jobs indicate the likelihood of labour getting a fair deal in the present administration. The trouble is, American reactionary elements are unaware and refuse believe that its days are numbered Like British Tories, they will taste defeat first and then realise. Labour is in dead earnest and strike is being planned with precision of a major military manoeuvre.

CAPITAL OPTIMISTIC

Reactionary capital believes that Labour will lose in the endurance test. While the method of conference will first be tried, I believe, it is the beginning of a great showdown in America between Labour and Capital. If the Administration decides to intervene as during the war when war plants were temporarily nationalised and Capital was regimented it will be the first glimpse of socialism in America. Americans are generally frightened of the word "socialism". They believe that if Labour comes into power in America, it will be the end of Democracy. In reality, it is only individual enterprise at the expense of the general welfare of people which is endangered. Next few months preceding the Congressional elections will indicate the trend in America. Much will depend on the returning of the Service vote which, experience shows usually is for Labour and against big monopolies. It was so in Britain even to the extent of wiping Churchill off the political scene. The war never having come to America proper in the shape of actual fighting and air-raids, here Americans still mentally are not adjusted to post-war conditions. If Labour's fight is well organised, I believe, they will win.

Oil Talks In London

United States Proposals To Britain

LONDON, September 17. (Reuter): Mr. Harold L. Ickes, United States Secretary of the Interior and Petroleum Administrator, will meet Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell, British Minister of Fuel and Power, and Mr. Hugh Dalton, British Chancellor of Exchequer, to-morrow to discuss negotiations for an Anglo-American oil agreement, the basis of which will be the question of Middle East supplies.

Mr. Ickes stated to-day: "We are over here purely on the question of the Middle East oil situation where there are very large and valuable American interests and we hope to accomplish recognition of mutual rights and interests between Britain and ourselves.

PROSPECTS OF EXTENSION.

"If we arrive at an agreement in respect of this particular area, we hope to see it expanded to become more international. We want other nations interested in oil to sit with us and discuss oil questions generally".

Mr. Ickes said that they did not contemplate any control of price or production. He doubted whether the oil industry in America would agree to put oil resources at the disposal of the Security Council of the United Nations.

"The industry is privately owned and as in Great Britain, you cannot step in and just take oil", he said.

Mr. Ickes pointed out that known reserves of oil in America were estimated to last 14 years and the United States was on its way from being an exporting country to being an importing country.

AMERICAN PROPOSALS.

Mr. Ickes at a press conference to-day said that he was confident that the new United States proposals he brought to Britain would be acceptable to both Governments, United Press of America correspondent, Charles Bernard, reports.

Ickes said that the present proposals were only "slightly redrafted" from those presented to Congress for ratification last year. At that time the agreement was withdrawn six weeks after it was presented to Congress at the request of President Roosevelt when he met opposition from the independent oil producers. The basis for that agreement had been the result of the Washington talks between Lord Beaverbrook and the then Secretary of State Edward Stettinius.

Ickes declared that as a result of the new agreement—if it were ratified by both countries—it was possible that Britain and the United States might jointly construe and operate a new main oil line through the Mid-East to the Mediterranean. He said such a "considered" line might be either publicly or privately capitalized, but indicated that the United States preferred private operation with possible public assistance.

Jawaharlal Demands Publication Of Grady Report

No Effective Planning Without Sufficient Data

National Planning Committee To Review Objectives Afresh & Appoints Sub-Committee To Report At Next Meeting On Nov. 6

BOMBAY, Monday.

MEETING IN BOMBAY TO-DAY, AFTER A GAP OF FIVE YEARS, THE NATIONAL PLANNING COMMITTEE, UNDER THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU DECIDED TO REVIEW AFRESH THE OBJECTIVE FOR A PLANNED ECONOMY AND TO ISSUE DIRECTIVES TO THE SUB-COMMITTEES ABOUT FUTURE WORK. THIS DECISION WAS TAKEN IN VIEW OF THE LONG PERIOD THAT HAD ELAPSED SINCE THE LAST MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE AND THE VAST CHANGES THAT THE COUNTRY HAD UNDERGONE DUE TO WAR CONDITIONS.

THE MEETING WAS ATTENDED BY MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL PLANNING COMMITTEE AS WELL AS SOME CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES OF SUB-COMMITTEES.

AMONG THE INVITEES WERE MR. J. R. D. TATA, AND DR. JOHN MATHAI.

Nehru Reviews Situation

The chairman in welcoming the members mentioned that a great many changes had taken place since they last met. The reports of the sub-committees previously prepared were out of date and it was necessary to revise them completely in order to bring them up-to-date. Further, these past five years had made a great deal of difference to people's minds and force them to think in terms of large scale planning. The urgency of many of these problems confronting India had increased. Partly influenced by the Planning Committee's efforts and partly by events, several new plans had been placed before the public. Another matter that affected their work was the fluid state of the political situation in the country. Nobody knew exactly how this will take shape in the future. Obviously all planning ultimately depended on the state. No one could expect any planned development from the present Government. There must be a people's National Government in order to plan. One could not say when this will take shape. It was possible that future developments might influence the work of the National Planning Committee. If so, we would have to adapt to them. We could not suspend our activities, just waiting for the future to take shape.

REPORTS TO BE REVISED?

The first question to decide observed Pandit Nehru, was whether to continue the work of the Planning Committee or not and secondly, how to do it. Should we ask the Sub-Committees to revise their reports and present their recommendations afresh or should the Planning Committee itself review the situation and issue new directives.

There was a full discussion on these subjects in which the members and invitees present took part. There was general agreement that the National Planning Committee's work must be con-

(Continued on page 5, col. 5)

Bengal's Tremendous Ovation For Bose

Enthusiastic Cheering At Railway Stations: Reunion With Family And Friends After Four Years

CALCUTTA, September 17. (A.P.I.): A tremendous ovation was given to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose when he arrived at the Howrah maidan after alighting from the Madras mail today at Satragachi station, three miles from Calcutta.

Wild scenes of enthusiasm were witnessed when conch shells were blown heralding he arrival of the car carrying Mr. Bose with tricolour flags on its bonnet. All appeals of Congress leaders to the crowd to be seated and not to lock the passage of the car went in vain, and it took about 40 minutes to take Mr. Bose to the dais. In the rush, two persons fainted and were given first aid. A large number of students did not join their classes to-day and took part in the reception. Mr. Bose was visibly moved when he approached the microphone to address the people of his own province for the first time during the last four years.

EMOTIONAL SCENES.

His eldest brother, Mr. Satish Chandra Bose, Mrs. Bibhabati Bose (wife of Mr. Sarat Bose) and other members of his family were present at the station. A touching scene was witnessed at the family re-union and when Mr. Bose embraced his eldest brother in silence, tears rolled down the cheeks of both. The death of his mother and the reported death of his younger brother Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose had occurred during Mr. Bose's detention and this was the first meeting of the brothers after those poignant events.

As the leaders proceeded to the meeting, Mr. Bose held Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, ex-Premier of Bengal, in a long embrace and both were overwhelmed with emotion.

Among those who garlanded Mr. Bose at Satragachi were the Mayor of Calcutta, Mr. D. N. Mukherjee, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Dr. Syamaprasad Mookerjee, Mr. Suresh Chandra Majumdar and Mr. Santosh Kumar Basu.

Mr. Bose was enthusiastically cheered at railway stations on the way by Congressmen and students who had gathered in large numbers. Mr. Bose had little rest last night as he was awakened by the cheering crowd whenever the train stopped.

CUTTACK, September 17. (A.P.I.): In spite of the odd hour (3 a.m.) at which the Madras mail passed through Cuttack, a large crowd, mostly students collected at the railway station to greet Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose.

"QUIT ASIA."

Addressing the crowd, Mr. Bose said: "we must be prepared to give a death blow to British imperialism and that will come as sure as I am standing before you to-day. Leaders may come and leaders may go, but Indians workers and peasants will fight on to the last. I have faith in them and if they are aroused, there is

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 1).

VICEROY BACK IN DELHI.

H. E. the Viceroy Lord Wavell who returned to New Delhi by air on Sunday, being greeted at the Willingdon Air station by Sir Sultan Ahmed, Member, Information and Broadcasting.

LIVING HELL ON EARTH

Dwijen Bose Unfolds Inside Picture Of Lahore Fort

(From Our Correspondent)
LAHORE, Sept. 17.

Here is the inside picture of Lahore Fort from a political prisoner Dwijindra Bose, newphew of Subhas Chandra Bose, who, along with other four Bengali patriots including Shishir Bose and Arbindo Bose, Arun, son of Rai Bahadur Dinesh Chandra Sen of Calcutta University and Maulana Manirulzaman Islambadi, M.L.A., Bengal, Deputy Leader, Krishak Proja Party detained under the Central Government order since 1941 was released last night.

Dwijendra Bose was removed to Punjab in April, 1942.

"One fine morning he found himself in a living hell on earth unknown to people in this world excepting those who had the misfortune of having been kept there as prisoners". The place was no other than Lahore Fort. Young Dwijen whose spirit has has remained unshaken talked to "Chronicle" representative who saw him in the Mayo Hospital of treatment in the Lahore Fort with choked voice and asked "Will the doings of those connected with that hell be ever brought to light"?

Dwijen determined to file a suit against those whom he found in charge of Lahore Fort Prison and remembers their names very well. He thinks in terms of fighting out his suit by himself remaining in Punjab. His proposal is that a committee be set up with the President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee as its Chairman and the committee record the evidence of all inter-provincial patriots who had been kept in the fort so that the committee and through it world outside may form some idea of the happenings inside the fort prison.

Dwijen felt pained to say that the treatment meted out to him was indescribable and thought he had second birth when removed from the fort to Campbellpur Jail on ground of health because physical torture came to an end after this transfer. He alleged he used to be handcuffed and chains were tied to his legs and other end of handcuffs tied to the door of the cell. Thus he was unable to sleep for weeks. If he ever dozed fists were employed to make him remain awake. Dwijen alleged that on the day of his arrival in Lahore fort he was actually kicked into the cell which was a dirtiest dwelling place he had ever imagined. That kick by an Indian Police officer caused him severe pain for many weeks and injured his backbone. Further he alleged that coke was burnt in the cell in a large quantity, sometimes to increase the heat which became intolerable for him.

AZAD'S 'S. O. S.' TO VICEROY

POONA, September 17. (U.P.I.): The "United Press of India" understands that the Congress President, Maulana Azad, has sent an urgent communication to the Viceroy, Lord Wavell, bringing to his notice that a large number of political prisoners, including some members of the A.I.C.C., are not yet released.

'Western Bloc' Against Russia

"Pravda" Attacks French Socialists

MOSCOW Sept. 16 (Reuter): Russian Press criticism dwelt again today on the accusation that attempts are being made to establish a "cordon sanitire" against the Soviet Union. An anonymous observer reviewing international affairs in the "Pravda" following the lines of an earlier article by the well-known Soviet Commentator, Karl Goffman, suggests that a 'Western Bloc' would be directed against the United States of America as well as the Soviet Union and declares the organisation of such blocs is opposed to international cooperation within the framework of the United Nations.

"It cannot assist the cause of peace'," he says, criticising strongly the attitude of French Socialist leaders and sections of the French Press who supported General de Gaulle when he adumbrated the scheme for a 'Western Bloc'.

Regarding Rumania, the "Pravda" article says the regime had been made democratic and armistice conditions have been loyally carried out.

"Rumania has a right to occupy with honour her place among the United Nations", the article says.

The tent opposite Gandhiji's Cottage where the Congress Working Committee commenced its Session at Poona on Wednesday.

B. S. FOR AIR SUPREMACY OVER NORTH ATLANTIC

Britain Occupying Back Seat In Contest?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
LONDON, SEPTEMBER 17.

THE NEW 'BATTLE OF THE ATLANTIC' WHICH HAS JUST BEGUN BETWEEN THE BIG AMERICAN AIR LINES, VIZ., THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPORT LINES AND TRANSCONTINENTAL AND WESTERN AIR, WITH BRITAIN SO FAR TAKING A BACK SEAT, PROMISES TO BE A LONG-DRAWN-OUT AND HECTIC CONTEST.

The prize of this contest is the complete commercial aviation and domination of the North Atlantic route between America and Eire, and the first big round of it was staged yesterday when a Pan-American 42-seater Douglas Skymaster landed at Foynes (Eire) after making a survey flight over Newfoundland.

Once this statutory obligation is complied with, the Pan-American can start a regular passenger service, and an official of the Company said: "We intend to start a regular passenger service within 90 days. We will have 100-seater passenger-planes for this service, and that is not going to be the limit by any means".

Gratitude To India!

SINGAPORE, Sept. 17. (A.P.I.): In a special broadcast to India from Singapore, Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten expressed his pleasure that among the signatories to the Surrender document were two distinguished officers of the Indian army.

"Indian troops have formed the largest part—over 70 per cent of our ground forces", he said. "Led by an Indian Army officer General Sir William Slim, they have fought doggedly in retreat and with the greatest possible courage and dash during the advances which ended in the liberation of Burma.

"All of us in South-East Asia Command owe a debt of gratitude to India and I am glad to have this opportunity of again acknowledging it publicly".

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LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (OCTOBER).
New York, Sept. 17.

Previous Closing	22.88
To-day's Opening	22.84
Difference	—04
To-day's Closing	22.90
Difference	+02

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, Sept. 17.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 70.
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 33.
United States Steel Common dol. 701/2.
Preference unquoted.—Reuter.

Jap Battleship As Target

For Atomic Bomb Experiment On Water

NEW YORK, Sept. 17. (Reuter): The United States navy plans to sow the 32,000 ton Japanese battleship "Nagato", 500 miles off the coast of Japan and then have an Atomic bomb dropped on her, Frank Kluckhorn, the Correspondent of the "New York Times" reported from Tokyo today.

The navy wants to ascertain whether the bomb will cause destruction of a single ship, what it will do to a task force and what effect it will have on water, Kluckhorn added.

The experiment, to which the press will be invited, may determine the form of navies in the future world order, the correspondent said.

Stage Set For Nuremberg Trials

NUREMBURG, September 16. (Reuter): Justice Robert H. Jackson, Chief War Crimes Prosecutor for the United States, stated to-day that Allied war criminal trials will be formally opened in Berlin and that some of the proceedings will take there before the Four Nation's Tribunal comes to Nuremberg, cables Lyford Moore, Reuter's special correspondent.

Justice Jackson who was holding his first press conference in the shell-torn Nuremberg Court House said that Americans would not be hosts in Berlin.

Americans did not see the need for a meeting in Berlin and did not want it.

The decision was made at the insistence of one nation (which Justice Jackson did not specify, but which was taken to be U.S.S.R.). Refusing to predict the date on which the trials would be opened, Justice Jackson said the United States was ready, but could not start them until other nations agreed.

He expected the British delegation at Nuremberg this week, and the Russians at once.

The Tribunal had broad discretionary powers and could eliminate many technical rules of proof to speed up the trials, Justice Jackson added, but he was doutful whether the trials would end before January.

A request had been received for local trial of Dr. Hans Frank, former Governor-General of German-occupied Poland. Where criminals were sentenced by two or more courts, more severe sentences would be carried out, but death sentences would not be executed until after the Nuremburg trials.

The Tribunal would not shelter Allied persons or firms who had "played the game" with Nazi leaders. The trials would be given to the press immediately after its use.

"We must let the people of all countries know what has been going on here in Germany if the Nuremberg trials are to accomplish anything for the future peace of the world". Justice Jackson said.

STOP PRESS

BULGARIAN ELECTIONS

LONDON, September 17. (Reuter): The Bulgarian News Agency reports that the Bulgarian General Election will be held on November 18, according to a Government decree issued yesterday.

MAHMUD ISSAWY TO HANG

CAIRO, September 17. (A.P.A.): Mahmud Issawy will be hanged early on Tuesday at a Cairo jail for the murder on February 26 of Ahmed Maher Pasha, former Egyptian Prime Minister.

The 26-year-old Cairo lawyer killed Maher Pasha as he left the Chamber of Deputies after announcing Egypt's declaration of war on the Axis powers.

ATTLEE ON INDIA

LONDON, Sept. 17 (Reuter): The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, will give a short broadcast on India in the B B C Home Service at 2-45 a.m. I.S.T. on Thursday.

CHINESE ARMY REACHES PEIPING

SHANGHAI, Sept. 17. (Reuter): Forward units of the Chinese National Army have reached Peiping, the peace time Capital of China, General Ho Ying Chin, Supreme Commander of China's ground forces announce to-night.

REWARD £ 500

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"OTOGEN" (VITAMIN TONIC) makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, impure blood, mental and physical exhaustion. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. The roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old men

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In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.

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DB 5

No Capital Equipment In Immediate Future

INDIAN INDUSTRIALIST MISSION'S REPORT

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (A.P.I.): The Indian Industrialists' Mission in a report on their visit to the United States and United Kingdom say that prospects are anything but bright about the availability of capital equipment in the immediate future. In both the countries, the market is primarily a seller's market and buyers will have to take their turn. The position, they say, is probably least satisfactory in regard to textile machinery, for which India's need is perhaps the most urgent. There appears to be no chance of getting any for a long time from America, while deliveries from England cannot be expected under two years.

The Mission expect in a couple of years or so prices as well as deliveries will be on a more advanced and efficient type.

The Mission consisted of Mr. J. R D. Tata, Mr. G. D. Birla, Mr. N. R. Sarkar, Mr. A. D. Shroff, Sir Sultan Chinoy, Mr. Laik Ali and Mr. Ajaib Singh.

The report of the Mission, which is released by Dr. P. S. Lokanathan, Secretary to the Mission, says "In Britain, His Majesty's Government, the Federation of British Industries and Associated Chambers of Commerce, and in America, the State Department at Washington and the National Association of Manufacturers were good enough to entertain the Mission.

"Our visit appeared to create much interest in both countries. This was not unexpected in Britain, but we were glad to notice in the States also a considerable amount of interest in Indian affairs and in the future possibilities of trade with India. In Britain, we were struck by the fact that the inevitability of India's political and economic independence in the near future and her rapid industrialization thereafter was widely recognized and that there appeared to be a desire on the part of many industrialists and businessmen to adapt themselves to the new conditions.

In the United States, knowledge of India was not equal to their evident interest in our country's affairs. Considerable ignorance still prevails there as to our economic and political conditions. We took every opportunity to correct misconceptions and to place true facts about India before our American friends. We felt, however, the need for the establishment of a permanent organization charged with the dissemination of appropriate and true facts about our country and with countering the misleading propaganda carried on in that country in the past, mainly at India's expense and to her detriment.

In the course of our tour, we visited a large number of factories covering a wide range of industries in both countries. In view of our varying interests, of the limited time at our disposal and of the difficulties involved in securing transport and accommodation, these visits were—with a few exceptions—undertaken by individual members and not by all of us as a group. We were thus enabled in the aggregate to get a general picture of British and American industry, covering an extremely wide range of industrial activity.

Non-Indian Prisoners Of War & Civilian Internees

Indian Merchants' Chamber Urges Their Immediate Removal From India To Give Relief To People

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have sent today, the following telegram to the Secretary to the Government of India, Defence Department, New Delhi:

"The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have no doubt that the Government of India are fully conscious of the increasing difficulties and hardships from which the people of this country have been suffering now for several months past owing to the extremely acute shortage of housing accommodation, foodstuffs, cloth and other essential necessaries of life and the utter lack of transport facilities even for the carriage in adequate quantity of the available prime requirements of human existence. They, therefore, deeply deplore that the Government of India should have imposed upon the people of this country whose privations and sacrifices have now reached a breaking point of even manly endurance another unbearable burden by undertaking to make every possible arrangement for the residence, maintenance, entertainment and recreation at hill stations of thousands of non-Indian ex-Prisoners of War and civilian internees in India and by already completing full preparations for the first batch of such people shortly expected to land in this country. The Committee could understand the necessity despite the grave sufferings of the people of housing, feeding, clothing and transporting in India hundreds of thousands of troops of all nationalities Indian, British, American, African, Australian etc., while the war was going on and while India was used as a vital base for its effective prosecution.

The Committee, however, cannot believe that Government could have forgotten that the facilities thus provided by India in men, materials, transport and other services imposed not only grave burdens on her people but they also led to the terrible tragedy of the Bengal famine created conditions of semi-starvation for the people in many parts of the country and deprived her men and womenfolk in many places even of the bare piece of cloth to cover their bodies and hide their shame. In view of these immense sacrifices India was, now that the hostilities are over, naturally looking forward to immediate and substantial relief in the matter of living accommodation, foodstuffs, clothing and transport facilities etc., to which she is fully entitled.

India, therefore, justly expected that these non-Indian ex-prisoners of war and civilian internees would be taken to Australia and other nearby countries from where they could have been transported to their homes in Great Britain in due course. Apart from the crushing financial burden, the cost of maintenance of such a large number of ex-prisoners etc., of war would impose on the meagre resources of the Indian Treasury, to call upon the people of India to accept growing and great responsibilities and obligations by becoming the host of these thousands of non-Indians referred to above and that too at a time when the situation with regard to foodstuffs, milk, vegetables etc., has not at all eased and when cloth is not available in several parts of the country, when the difficulties connected with travel and movement of goods persist and remain unabated, is, committee are constrained to remark, not without a feeling of grief and distress tantamount to the Government of India neglecting their primary and elementary duties and responsibilities towards the people of this country. The Committee therefore, consider it their duty to urge upon the Government of India even at this stage, in all earnestness, and with all the vigour at their command, that the Government should reconsider the position afresh and save the suffering masses of this country from all further uncalled for and avoidable hardships, privations and sacrifices."

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

By J. C. MAITRA

Albert David XI from Calcutta made their debut at the Cooperage on Sunday last, having an engagement with Deolali Central in the first round of the Rovers Cup. I cannot say that the visitors from Calcutta gave an impressive display. Far from it! I did not expect it either. Few on this side of the country had heard of the name of this Club before! But I understand that they won the premier tournament of Lucknow last season. Of course there are some names on their list like Das Gupta of East Bengal. Bacchi Khan and Noor Mahomed of the old Mahomedan Sporting who are well-known figures at the Cooperage having participated in this competition before. Football fans here have also heard the names of Ismail, the clever Bhowanipore custodian, Taj Mahomed of the same club, Sabjan of the Mahomedan Sporting and Mewalal of the Aryans. But they have not been heard of playing together as a team!

CALCUTTA TEAMS' HANDICAPS.

In fact there lies the chief defect of this side. Understanding and teamwork was very much at a discount. On the top of it almost all the forwards were tiny Lilliputians in comparison with their tall and hefty rivals. In addition, they had to contend with a strange ground, with grass grown rabidly at many places giving the ball an uncertain movement and awkward bounce frequently. If a lawn women is used—a little generously—within a day or two, the visitors from the East may give a better exhibition of soccer in their next appearance. I only hope that the forwards would not go on passing and re-passing between themselves in front of the goal!

DEOLALI'S STOUT DEFENCE.

Now about the contest referred to above, there is no question that the Indian combination fully deserved their victory, though the score should have been bigger than a solitary goal, were their inside forwards a little less hesitant and more prompt in their shooting. At the same time, it must be acknowledged that but for the splendid goal-keeping of Ismail, despite his injured hand, and the resourceful and clever defensive methods of Das Gupta and Taj Mahomed, their full-backs, the soldiers would surely have made their passage into the second round much more difficult. It is equally true that the Deolali goalie, Donovan, Smith and Stirling, full-backs, and Dashwood, centre-half, neutralised many a scoring chance of their opponents. Noor Mahomed, though slower than before, was the most outstanding forward on the field. We may see him to better advantage in his next outing.

UNFORTUNATE CLASHES.

It is a matter of great pity that this Indian team will meet another Indian combination in the Delhi Young Men in the next round. This is just as unfortunate as the Tata's in the women's doubles also.

meeting the Mysore Rovers or the Royal Navy encountering the Royal Air Force in the early stages of the competition. This is mainly due to the F. A. Cup methods adopted for the draw. If the up-country teams and the leading local sides were properly seeded, these clashes would have been easily avoided.

What the crowds would love to see is a fight between Indian and a European side—and not between teams of the same colour and similar style of play.

Evidently this lesson has been lost on the rulers of the W.I.F.A. It is not understood either in that quarter that conditions in England and India differ widely. They ought to make the best of the situation here.

BADMINTON CHAMPIONSHIPS.

The Western India Badminton Championships are rapidly drawing to their close. The last eight in the men's singles have already found their way and they stand in the following order in the draw—Davinder Mohan, S. Dinkar Rao, B. V. Ullal, B. D. Shroff, V. A. Madgavkar, C. B. Kalappa, B. R. Agaskar and C. H. deSouza. Some interesting battles may be expected at the Bombay Gymkhana Courts in the next few days.

Davinder Mohan, the All-India Champion, with his brother, Surinder Mohan, were eliminated from the men's doubles by V. N. Iyer and K. R. Lotwalla after a terrific fight, the score being 15—10, 15—10. The Delhi pair, D. Charanjit and S. L. Jaini are, however, still going strong. They entered the penultimate stage at the expense of G. P. Shirke and V. G. Bhide 15—3, 15—12. G. D. Patwardhan and D. G. Mugwe have similar advance disposing of B. D. Shroff and H. K. Talyarkhan in the earlier round.

In the women's singles, Suman Deodhar admitted defeat at the hands of her more experienced rival in Ravibala Soman, while her sister, Sunder, and Mumtaz Chinoy and Aloo Vimadalal entered the Semi-finals during the week-end. Sunder Deodhar, with her sister Suman as partner, qualified for the same round also.

TORY BRAND OF PLANNED ECONOMY?

Conservative Party's Internal Conflict On Future Policy

LONDON, September 16. (Reuter): British Conservative Party's internal conflict on future policy is analysed to-day by the political correspondent of the Conservative newspaper 'The Observer.'

He says that strenuous discussions are going on as to the future policy in Parliament and outside, two main schools of thought being involved. The first, the more numerous and influential, takes the line that the Conservative defeat at the polls should warn the Conservatives to close ranks, follow their lead, and avoid public controversy. Adherents of the other school regard this prescription as not nearly radical enough.

The political correspondent adds: "It ignores that they feel the character of the defeat which swept Labour into power. This defeat, they say, was no mere incident to be rectified in due course by a swing of the pendulum and Labour Government mistakes.

"So now it is suggested that the Conservatives must treat us settled the fact of the nation's resolve to have a planned economy, they must make the Conservative version of it their own policy"

"This school recognised that Conservatism was losing its social foundation and that a large section of the great idle class had swung unmistakably left.

"The Party's new foundation has to be built up by studying the lives, needs, and ambitions of persons who could be recruited to form it. They should be looked for particularly among the black-coated workers, professional men, and expert craftsmen who form the so-called 'lower middle class'".

The electorate should be made to see that Conservatism could offer the essentials of planned society together with more freedom, wider opportunities for the individual, initiative and better regard for talent, than were promised by the Socialist creed.

The latest reports of Mr. Winston Churchill's attitude, said the correspondent, implied that he meant to oppose the reforming school of thought.

CHANGES IN U. S. WAR DEPARTMENT

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 15 (Reuter) —President Truman, in a statement today, said that on his return to Washington he could answer the question whether there would be any changes in the War Department.

Meanwhile, it is indicated in authoritative circles in Washington that the Secretary for War, Mr. Henry Stimson and the Chief of Staff, General Marshall, as well as the Chief of the United States Army Air Force, General Arnold, will resign.

It is believed in informed circles that General Eisenhower will succeed General Marshall, while General Spaatz is considered the logical successor to General Arnold.

Mr. Stimson states that he will hold a press conference at White House on Tuesday to discuss the filling of several Government vacancies.

Physical Culture Conference In Bombay

The First Session of the Bombay Physical Culture Conference will be held in Bombay under the auspices of the Bombay Physical Culture Association in the second week of December next.

The object of the Conference is to attract the attention of the general public towards Physical Culture and to create love for Indian Games and Gymnastics amongst youths.

The programme includes the celebration of Physical Education Week, Mass Drills, Physical Feats and Self-Defence Demonstrations, Gathering of Gymnastics, Lectures and Discussions on Topics of Physical Culture and Health.

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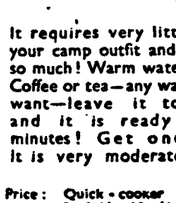
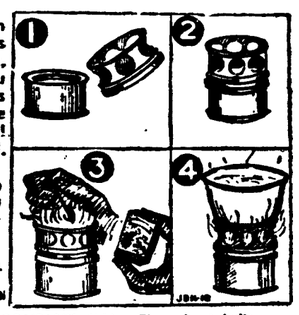


Binnie's QUICK-COOKER

It requires very little space in your camp outfit and yet it does so much! Warm water, hot milk, Coffee or tea—any warm dish you want—leave it to Binnie's and it is ready in three minutes! Get one to-day! It is very moderately priced.



Price: Quick-cooker Rs. 1—2—0
Refills (Solidified fuel) Rs. 1—8—0 per lb. tin.
(Sufficient for four fillings)

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Jagatjit Distilling & Allied Industries Ltd.
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10TH SUCCESSFUL WEEK
MURARI'S Popular Hit
SHREE KRISHNARJUN YUDDHA
Direction: MOHAN SINHA
AT
NOVELTY
4, 7, 10 p.m.
Sun. Holidays 1 p.m.
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10-30 to 12 & 4-30 to 6
A RADIUM Release

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VIKRAMADITYA

Starring: Prithviraj, Prem Adib.
Directed by: VIJAY BHATT
13TH WEEK SUPER
Mat. at 1 on Sun. & Hol. —DAILY:— 4. 7. 10
Ad. Booking: 9 to 11, 5 to 6, 7-15 to 8-15.

3RD BIG WEEK!
APPLAUDED AS A LANDMARK IN ITS TRUE SENSE! NEW THEATRES' BILL OF HUMAN RIGHTS!
'HAMRAHI'
Radha Mohan, Binota Bose.
Direction & Photography: BIMOL ROY.
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MINERVA
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 noon.

9th WEEK
BOMBAY TALKIES'
PRATIMA
Starring: SWARNALATA, DILEEP KUMAR, JYOTI, SHAHNAWAZ, P. F. PITHAWALA
MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

KNOW YOUR DESTINY AND CEASE TO SUFFER!
Prof. DEVACHARYA, M.A.
Veda-bhushan, Tatwa-Sindhu, President, Neo-Oriental Mental Research Society, the learned palmist and fortune-teller of international reputation is now staying at "Miramar," room No. 9 with Mr. K. R. Kripalani of Dehra-Dun and will leave Bombay on Friday, the 21st instant.
CONSULTATION TIME—
9 and 12 a.m. (Morning)
3 and 7 p.m. (Evening).
FEES:—Rs. 25|- for one aspect of life.
Rs. 200|- for whole life reading —all aspects.
Predictions and advices are given on the basis of signs which are noted in writing, and you get the story of your life in the form of a booklet useful for future reference. "Miramar"—opposite Colaba Post Office, Bombay.

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Bombay Finds the ANSWER in the Picture MAGNIFICENT
नागरिक
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
"TARAMATI"
2ND WEEK
Book in advance. ROXY

ZANANA Show To-day at 1 p.m.
8TH GREAT WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 10
BARI-MA
Director: WINAYAK
Nurjehan, Ishwarlal
LAMINGTON

ADVANCE BOOKING STARTED
10 to 12 & 4 to 6
From SAT. 22nd Sept.
WADIA MOVIETONE'S MUSICAL-SOCIAL
PIYA-MILAN
MOTILAL, NIRMALA
Najma, Mirza Musharaf
Director: S. M. YUSUF of "Aina" Fame
KRISHNA
(Dubash Theatre)
WADIA MOVIETONE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 Sun. Holidays 1 p.m.

CHARLIE SWARNALATA
WAS NEVER SO CRAZY— WAS NEVER SO SWEET— AS IN ASIATIC PICTURES' LAUGH-HIT
PLANS OPEN
9-30 to 12-30
2-30 to 5 p.m.
A 'Screens' Release
Bombay Release
Thru' Dawlat Corporation.
Daily: 4, 7, 9-45. Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
CHAND TARA
Directed by MANIBHAI VYAS.
OPENING FRIDAY 4 P.M.
CAPITOL

Story of TWO GREAT HEARTS.
UNITED FILMS' Great social Running with packed Houses
BHAI JAN
Nurjehan, Shahnawaz, Meena, Karan Dewan, Ansari, Khatoon.
A KHALIL MURAD PRODUCTION
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sunday 1 p.m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12, 4 to 6
IMPERIAL DIAMOND Release

At their BEST and GREATEST!
NURJEHAN, DURGA KHOTE, NAZIR, Gita Nizami, with Rajkumari, Jagdish, Anant Marathe in Ramnik's Social
RAMNIK PRODUCTIONS
Village Girl
HAPPY GOODWIN Release
गाँव की गोरी
Gala OPENING next THURSDAY 4 p.m.
Plans open: 10 to 12 & 4-30 to 6.
Directed by K. AMARNATH
Music by SHYAM SUNDER
LAMINGTON

A SCORE!
20th WEEK
FAMOUS RELEASE
LAILA MAJNU
AT CENTRAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10; Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. Holidays
Plans open 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

DISARMED JAP SOLDIERS QUIT SINGAPORE

Japs quit Singapore as occupation troops move in to bring relief to the people who suffered for years under Jap tyranny. —I.P.B. Directorate Photo.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 11, 2001.
Muslim: Shavval 10, 1364.
Parsi: Farvardin 15, 1314.
Sunrise: 7.27 a.m. Sunset: 7.30 p.m
Hightide: 10-37, 22-19.
Lowtide: 3-36, 16-52.

To-day's Engagements

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE. Monthly meeting of the Improvements Committee at 2.30 p.m. (Bombay Time).

ROTARY CLUB: Weekly Luncheon Meeting at 1.30 p.m. at Green's Hotel. Sir Homi Mehta, will speak on "My recent tour among Indian Troops".

RADICAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY: Reception to Mr. M. N. Roy at Bombay Central Station, at 10.30 a.m.

POLITICAL STUDY CIRCLE: Political Study Circle, to-day at 6.30 p.m. Arya Bhuvan Sandhurst Road.

INDIAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY: Dr. R. C. Shah's lecture on 'Preparation and Manufacture of Sacchavin' has been unavoidably postponed.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION: The General body meeting of the members of the Bombay Students' Union (Nationalist) will meet, to-day (Tuesday), at 7 p.m., in the Jinnah Hall.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN: Shri K. M. Munshi will speak on "The Bhagavad Gita and Modern Life" at the Bhavan at 6-30 p.m.

FAR EAST INDIAN ASSOCIATION: General Meeting at 6.30 p.m. in the Hall of the Silk Merchants Association, Dahanukar Building Kalbadevi to discuss matters relating to the conditions in the Far East

THE GATHA SOCIETY: Dastur Bode will expound the Gatha Ha 31 Stanzas 19-22 to-day (Tuesday), at 6 p.m at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, Apollo Street.

PUBLIC MEETING OF CUTCHI MEMONS.

Under the auspices of the Cutchi Memon Service League, a public meeting of the Cutchi Memons of Bombay will be held at the Cutchi Memon Jamatkhana at 10 p.m. (N. S. T.), to night (Tuesday).

Mr. Mohamad Abba, a leading merchant of Mysore will speak on "The Present Condition of Cutchi Memons". Seth Dawood Moosa has kindly consented to preside

All Cutchi Memons are cordially invited.

Dear PREMCHAND

Since the day you absconded from here, your Mother and Father are very uneasy, and are not taking their meals properly. The whole family is greatly upset and worried. If you have anything worrying yourself you should remove it from your mind. If you wish to see your dear parents alive, then come here at once. Or inform us, and we shall manage to bring you here.

Rs. 500|- including the expenses incurred in this respect, will be paid to any one who may find this Premchand and take him to his parents at the undermentioned address as a Reward. The colour of Premchand is Gandumi (tawny) and his age is about 13 years, and his body is normal—neither slim nor fat, stature short.

HUSHIYARIMAL NEKIRAM,
Rajgangpur (B.N.Rly.)
Gangpur State.

Prajamandal Workers' Conference

An informal meeting of the workers from different States will be held in Bombay during the A. I. C. C. Session to consider the ways and means of strengthening the Praja Mandal organisation in various States with a view to consolidate responsible Government Movement in the States under the direct supervision and guidance of the All-India States People Conference. Information so far received in Bombay says that nearly three to four hundred workers are coming to Bombay only from the Indore State.

U. P. MUSLIM ASSOCIATION CELEBRATES "ID-DAY".

Under the auspices of the U. P. Muslim Association, an "Id-Day" celebration was held on the 11th Sept. at the Hume High School Hall Byculla. A very large number of Muslims including many prominent personalities of Bombay attended the function. After recitation from the Holy Quran, poems were read out in praise of the "Prophet" and a "Mushaira" was held in which Saghar Nizami, Suroor Bhopali Manshar Amrohi, Tanvir Ratlpuri, Jaochar Cawnpori and Shams Azimabadi figured as the outstanding poets.

The programme was followed by a speech by the President Mr. M. Taher, M.B.E., Mr Taher spoke for about half an hour. He touched on politics, war, the present situation of the world, the Islamic culture and the duty of the Muslim individual in the making of the new civilization of the world. The crux of his message was that the salvation of the Muslim world lay in the adherence of the Muslims to the dictates of Islam.

The function endded with musical performance by some popular "Kawals" of Bombay.

Forward Bloc Leaders

BOMBAY, Monday.

Pandit Sheel Bhadra Yajee M. L. A., Vice-President of the All-India Forward Bloc is arriving at the Victoria Terminus by the Calcutta Mail on the 18th at the 3 p.m. Gumastha Maha Mandal will accord a recention to him.

Sjt. Mathura Prasad Misra of the All-India Forward Bloc and one of the members of the delegation that is to wait upon the Working Committee members to get certain issues clarified, arrived in Bombay by the Calcutta Mail to-day from Bihar. Sjt. Ramdas S. Amladi of the All-India Forward Bloc who was released recently from the Yeravada Central Prison is also in Bombay.

A NEW COLLEGE FOR ANDHERI

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Monday.

Thanks to the munificent donation of Rupees four lakhs from Sheth Meghjee Mathuradas Poprani, Andheri and the Suburban students will have a new College from June 1946. The College will be named after the donor and will have in the beginning facilities for studies upto inter arts and science only. The College will be situated on the grounds of the Bhartiya Vidyabhuwan which institution has about eleven acres of vacant plot of land, and this site has been already selected for the construction of College building. This College will supply a long felt want of the Suburban residents.

C.C.I. Open Squash Championships

FIXTURES FOR TUESDAY.

COURT NO. 1: 5.30 p.m., Sobat Khan vs. Chandrakant Laxman; 6-15 p.m., Ariff Currimbhoy vs. Narpat Singh R. K. Dr. G. D. Bhagat; 7 p.m. D. B. Sidhwa vs. S. W. Ansoo, O/C O. J. M. Ford; 7-45 p.m. Murad Khan vs. Mahomed Sarvar Nawab Khan.

COURT NO. 2: 5.30 p.m., L. R. Shindo vs. Doctor Tara Umer Khan; 6-15 p.m. Jaspal singh vs. Maj. J. E. Pillivant N. K. Waltho; 7 p.m., Jamaluddin vs. Wali Mahomed; 7.45 p.m., Abdul Bari vs. Popatlal Mohanlal.

COURT NO. 3: 6-15 p.m., O/C I. C. Lambie vs. H. K. Sethna. Prince Jayendrasingh; 7 p.m., J. L. B. Heale vs. R. Ruia F/Lt. Gillet; 7-45 p.m., Pandurang Bajan vs. Hashim Khan.

COUDT No. 4: 6.15 p.m. H. K. Malhotra Capt. E. H. Pearlman vs. R. J. Longfield; 7 p.m., P. P. Pantelis vs. S. M. P. Thakersey, Lt. (s) C. J. Munshiff.

PURDY'S COMPLAINT AGAINST POLICE

New Criminal Sessions

The fourth Criminal Sessions of the High Court opened on Monday presided over by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee.

Pleading not guilty on the taking of pleas, Murray Gow Purdy—Singh, an American who along with one Edward Dennis Gee stood charged with forgery, personating a public servant, robbery with hurt, possession of explosives and offences relating to the restriction on foreign exchange, made a long complaint to the Judge. Standing in the dock clad in Khadi and a Gandhi cap, Purdy stated that he was handicapped in his case by the interference of the C.I.D. and the police in his interviewe with counsel as well as with his letters. He stated that he had a letter from the Inspector-General of Prisons in which the latter claimed the right to censor all his letters. He further complained that he had not been allowed to see his counsel alone and that once his counsel was actually turned back. How could he defend his case, when the resources of the police and the C.I.D. working in conspiracy were gathered against him, stated Purdy. He went on to state that there were 200 exibits and over 50 witnesses in his case, and he wanted at least 15 days to prepare his defence.

His Lordship directed that if he wanted time, Purdy should make a proper application on Thursday after giving notice of it to the Crown. In the meantime, His Lordship stated that he would see that Purdy was not hampered in his defence.

GRAM UDYOG KENDRA TO STOP KHADI SALES

The Sanchaluk Gram Udyog Kendra, Bombay, writes that owing to a reorientation in the nature of Khadi work, it has been decided to close down the Khadi Sales Department of this Bhandar after 31st October 1945, and to allow 12.1/2 p.c discount on all purchases during this period

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—
TUESDAY, Sept 18.
244 m—(1 231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 D. V Paluskar 8-45 Dilruba 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 Geet 9-30 Siddhanath Parab (Flute) 9-50 Chorus 12-30 p.m. Bhavgeet 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Selections 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 2-30 Break For Lunch 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Jyotsna Corakshakar 5-15 Dawood Ahmed 5-30 A I R Quartet 5-45 Topical Talk 5-55 Locals 6-0 For Forces 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Jyotsna Gorakshakar 7-0 Lokopayogi Khatyavar 7-15 Dawood Ahmed 7-30 B V Bavdekar 7-50 Siddhanath Parab (Flute) 8-0 Suhasini Dharap 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 B V Bavdekar 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News 9-45 Pilu on Sarangi 9-45 Planning For A New India 10-0 Henry Barnes: Tenor 10-10 Interlude 10-20 Maneck Bhagat: 10-35 Alexandre Glazounov and Orchestra.

Here's my COUGH again!
COUGH
Are you saying this?
If so, beware! Don't let it establish itself - Check it at once and obtain quick relief with
VENO'S
LIGHTNING
COUGH CURE

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SUBCLEARING IN BOMBAY. LIQUID FUNDS POSITION Very strong, exceeds 66 p.c. of the deposits.
INVESTMENT
In Government papers, Reserve Bank shares and other stocks is the special mark.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES ALL OVER INDIA.
Mg. Director.—Mr. N. C. DATTA, M. A., B. L.

MEN!... for skin-health use REXONA

More than a Beauty Soap— A Complete Skin Treatment

Don't run away with the idea that Rexona is only a new complexion soap for ladies. It's an essential toilet soap for everyone who sets any value on skin-health, and is just the kind of fine, refreshing, invigorating soap that men specially enjoy.

The great advantage of this fine, green, quick-lathering soap is that it is medicated with a soothing, healing skin-antiseptic called CADYL, and Rexona's profuse *quick-starting* lather immediately carries this health-making Cadyl deep into all the pores of your skin—where skin troubles and skin blemishes most frequently start. Your whole skin is thus soothed *and purified* as well as cleansed.

You can understand from this how easily skin-health can be encouraged, and how fully skin-health can be protected, when Rexona is used regularly. So start using this green, quick-lathering medicated soap today—and keep on using it.

N.B.—It's a point worth remembering that skin-health is the basis of skin beauty. And a man has as much right as a woman to take pride in having a fine skin.

REXONA FOR BABY: The same soap that father uses is ideal for Baby, so gentle is its protective lather. Bathe Baby with Rexona, and let Cadyl soothe all slight skin irritations, give protection from chafing and soreness.

★CADYL, in Rexona, is a special compound of antiseptic, healing and nourishing oils that have a powerful influence on the health of the skin. The soothing and protecting action of Cadyl is scientifically recognised and recommended.

USE REXONA OINTMENT for cuts, sores, eczema, ulcers, pimples, rashes, blisters, ringworm, blackheads and all skin blemishes. Though supplies are limited, most dealers have a few of the famous triangular tins.

BP. 28-220-40 REXONA PROPRIETARY LIMITED

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Sept 17, (A. P. I.): The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, from 1st Jan. 1945, and departure from normal recorded at 09-00 hours (I. S. T.) on 17th Sept. 1945:—

Ahmednagar 88 64 0.3 12.3 minus 5.5 Amraoti 89 71 0 24.4 minus 3.5, BOMBAY 88 76 84.2L Plus 19.4, Calcutta 81 81 0 32.7 minus 20.5, Cawnpore 91 76 1.2 20.8 minus 10.1 New Delhi 93 76 T 23.2 minus 0.5, Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 72 0 24.9 plus 1.7, Hydcrabad (Sd.) 93 78 0 2.9 minus 3.7 Jacobabad 98 79 0 5.6 plus 2.3, Karachi 85 75 0 6.3 minus 1.0, Lahore 98 78 0 20.1 minus 2.0, Madras 94 78 0 20.0 plus 3.7, Nagpur 91 76 0 49.6 plus 16.5 Poona 85 67 T 21.3 plus 2.2, Sholapur 90 72 0 14.3 minus 5.4, Surat 89 75 0.3 42.1 plus 4.3.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

The mere establishment of a democracy is not the only or principal business of the legislator, or of those who wish to create such a state, for any state, however, badly constituted, may last one, two or three days; a far greater difficulty is the preservation of it.

—Aristotle.

The Bombay Chronicle

SELF-DETERMINATION

Perhaps the most controversial resolution of the Congress Working Committee is the one dealing with the question of self-determination. That is partly because it contains two parts which are apparently quite contradictory. One part says in so many words: "The Congress cannot agree to any proposal to disintegrate India by giving liberty to any component state or territorial unit to secede from the Indian Union or Federation." "Nevertheless," says another part, Congress "cannot think in terms of compelling the people in any territorial unit to remain in an Indian Union against their declared and established will." The apparent inconsistency is too apparent to be deniable. But it can be explained, as it has got to be, when the two parts are in the same resolution. To our mind the word "nevertheless" permits what follows as a special exception under special conditions to the general rule stated before the word. It is as if there were one sentence to the effect that though the Congress stands for united India it will not go so far in the pursuance of the policy as to coerce any large territorial unit. Thus the first part is to be the normal policy of the Congress which will steadfastly follow it by, among other ways, making every effort "to create conditions which would help the different units in developing a common and co-operative life." But suppose a unit is not satisfied by such efforts and is determined to keep away from the Union. Then an abnormal situation arises where a lesser evil may have to be tolerated. Several kinds of such abnormal situations may be imagined. Ordinarily neither the Congress nor any other body would at the outset anticipate various possible abnormal situations and devise various compromises of its normal policy. But so insistent has been the demand for Pakistan by some even now, that the Congress has got to give an answer. Congress does not *approve* of any partition. But as an exceptional case it tolerates partition under certain conditions. It suffers partition as a lesser evil than civil war, when a choice has to be made between the two. We fail to see anything inconsistent or wrong in such a stand. It is a wise realistic answer to a problematic question, to a poser as to what Congress will do if it would not coerce a substantial territorial unit.

Be it noted, however, that the self-determination that is conceded to a substantial territorial unit is limited by the similar right of self-determination that can be claimed by a substantial group or groups in that unit. If the first is not to be coerced, neither is the second, if it is a substantial group. That is to say, partition will be possible in the last analysis only for those contiguous territories where there is predominant support to partition. Such a position is unexceptionable. As the Working Committee's resolution states, the acceptance of the principle of non-compulsion in any area "inevitably involves that no changes should be made which result in fresh problems being created and compulsion being exercised on other substantial groups within that area."

What then is the net result in the simplest possible terms? According to our interpretation, the result is, as we have stated above, (1) the normal policy of the Congress is to strive for a united India; (2) but if an abnormal situation develops which demands a choice between partition and a civil war, the former alternative is to be conceded to a territorial unit; (3) provided that it involves no coercion of any substantial group or groups in the unit.

C.-in-C. Must Explain

There appears elsewhere a statement issued from New Delhi by Miss K. Ranga Rao, explaining the reasons for her recent resignation from the post of Deputy Chief Commander, W. A. C. (I.) It is a striking revelation of the scandal of racial discrimination and prejudices in the administration of the Women's Auxiliary Corps of India. Miss Ranga Rao accepted the appointment as she says, "on the explicit understanding that I would have a voice in all questions of policy with special stress on recruitment, welfare and morale and resettlement of Indian girls—subjects on which I had definite views". Her statement gives the history of how completely she was denied that voice and how things were done over her head and without her knowledge. Why was this Indian lady not considered worthy of exercising her rights and discharging her duties? And is it the policy of the authorities in India that the interests of the Indian W. A. C's are so unimportant that they should be ignored? The Chief Commander of the W. A. C. (I.) is, we believe, a Lady Carlisle—naturally no Indian woman could have been deemed fit for the post. We have nothing much against this lady, an aristocratic member of the imperial governing class of Great Britain. But Sir Claude Auchinleck owes an explanation to this country and its people as to why a policy was allowed to be pursued involving charges that have been made by Miss K. Ranga Rao.

Frankly Speaking

A Welcome Report

Since we wrote last on the subject news has come from London that the Council of the Foreign Ministers does not propose to return any Italian colony to Italy. It is an unofficial report still requiring authoritative confirmation. But we assume that the report of the Associated Press of America is correct. We, therefore, welcome the reported decision, although the danger of a change of mind still remains in view specially of the fact that the Italian Prime Minister, Signor Ferrucio Parri, is arguing publicly in favour of the restoration of the colonies acquired by Italy before the Fascist era with "the consent of the interested Powers", that is to say, all the colonies except Ethiopia. Signor Parri's argument is interesting in the sense that it effectively emphasizes the sins of the imperialist Powers of Europe who, with a calculated disregard of humanity and the rights of the peoples concerned, looted a whole continent of Africa territorially and divided the swag among themselves as "interested Powers".

Working Committee's Duty

Signor Parri's argument, however, does not justify the return of the Italian colonies to Italian exploitation and barbarity. They ought to be freed but since the democratic leaders of the world cannot contemplate such a democratic outrage, the next best solution is that they should be placed under international trusteeship. But who will act on behalf of the trustees? Very certainly not the French, for instance. In fact, if the interests of the inhabitants are honestly considered the trustee in charge must not be one of the Big Powers. Some of them are already "interested"—to use Signor Parri's word—and the others will get "interested" with the exercise of trusteeship. In this connection we believe that the necessity for the Congress Working Committee to speak out India's mind still remains. In fact it has been rendered more urgent by the announcement that the Government of India has appointed an English member of the Indian Political Service, Sir Geoffrey Prior, to represent its views to the Foreign Ministers' Council. This gentleman may be capable ably and efficiently to ignore India's view, but he is very obviously incapable of representing her people. And India has views not only on the issue of the Italian colonies but also on questions relating to Asiatic countries which are to come up for discussion at the London Conference. These views the Congress Working Committee alone can express.

A Natural Inference

The main point that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai makes out in his statement on his pact with Nawabzada Liaquat Ali is that the latter must have duly informed Mr. Jinnah about the pact. In support of that view he quotes a part of the pact signed by the Nawabzada which says that the Governor-General should be persuaded to propose an interim popular Government on the basis of "the agreement between the Congress and the League" and which considers a situation when "the Governor-General invites Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Desai either jointly or separately". Mr. Desai has both logic and common sense on his side when he infers from these quotations in the pact that "the Nawabzada must have had conversation with Mr. Jinnah, otherwise the assurance therein contained could not have found place in the document initialled by him". The inference is most natural and it may be that Mr. Jinnah's repudiation of the pact is of the same category as the repudiation by the Nawabzada.

Enrol More Voters

It is good of the Governor of Bombay to have so amended the electoral rules as to enable him to direct the preparation of amending lists even if he has not received any applications under the present rules asking for an amendment of the rolls. It is also good of him to have further extended the final dates for the first and second publications of the lists of amendments to December 3, 1945 and January 21, 1946 respectively so that the longest possible period should be available for bringing the rolls up-to-date. It is to be hoped that the fullest possible use will be made by the public in bringing more voters to the rolls. It is the duty of those who ask for a wider franchise to make the utmost use of the existing franchise. Thanks to the recent literacy campaigns in various parts of the country tens of thousands of women and Harijans have been made literate. All these can be voters and should be enrolled as such. The more time given for enrolment should not be allowed to slacken the pace of enrolment work.

Congress And Atom Bomb

Mr. Sri Prakasa intends to propose at the A.I.C.C. meeting a resolution declaring abhorrence at the use of the Atomic bomb as an instrument of warfare. No institution in the world has a greater right than the Indian National Congress to denounce methods and instruments of frightfulness as an argument in any conflict. It is Congress alone that can pass such a resolution with the clearest possible conscience. But denunciation should not be limited to the Atomic bomb which in a sense represents no more than a single concentrated equivalent of a thousand super-fort bomb load. The Atomic bomb must be outlawed if humanity is to survive. But war too must and can be outlawed if the Atom bomb can be outlawed. For war cannot be restricted or limited now. If it is accepted as an instrument of policy, then total war, with all its horrors is inevitable. The choice before humanity is, clearly and remorselessly, as it has never been before, violence or non-violence.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Physical wounds may heal, but not those made by unkind words.

* * *

Some people evidently go to the opera to hear themselves talk.

* * *

No wonder a young man looks all broken up when his best girl throws him down.

* * *

An architect says that the largest room in the world is the room for improvement.

* * *

Many a man who thinks he is smart outwits himself in trying to outwit others.

* * *

For every successful man you meet you will meet a dozen unsuccessful ones who claim to have given him a start.

Re-Trial On Lesser Offence Not Barred

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chagla, Mr. Justice Lokur and Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha).

The Government of Bombay ..... Appellant.

Versus.

Abdul Wahab Kamruddin ..... Respondent. (Original Accused).

The important question which arose before this Full Bench was whether the Court had power to order the retrial of an accused for a lesser offence when he had been acquitted of the only offence with which he had been charged. The only charge against the accused in this case was the murder of one Balwantsing Mansing on 30th January 1944. The jury unanimously found the accused not guilty of murder or of culpable homicide not amounting to murder. By a majority of six to three the jury also found him not guilty of the lesser offence of grievous hurt, but the trial Judge Mr. Justice Divatia disagreed with this verdict and was of opinion that the accused should be retried before another jury on the charge of grievous hurt. He, however, felt bound by a decision of Mr. Justice Mirza in 55 Bom. 520 that the retrial of the accused for any lesser offence for which he might have been charged on the same facts was barred by Section 403 of the Criminal Procedure Code. He therefore acquitted the accused not only of murder and culpable homicide but also of grievous hurt on the ground that the order of acquittal of the major offence must be deemed to include his acquittal of the lesser offence in spite of the Judge's disagreement with the majority verdict on the lesser offence. The Government preferred an appeal.

Over-ruling Mr. Justice Mirza's decision, Their Lordships held that the jury having returned their verdict on the lesser offence of grievous hurt under the Judge's direction to do so, the accused was not entitled to the benefit of Section 403 (1) and Their Lordships ordered that he should stand his trial for the lesser offence of grievous hurt again at the current Criminal Sessions. As the retrial constituted only a continuation of the former trial with a new jury and not a new trial as was contended, Their Lordships further held that it was unnecessary to frame charges on minor offences as the major offence included all of them.

Mr. K. M. Munshi and Mr. Vinayak G. Mohile instructed by the Acting Public Prosecutor appeared for the Government of Bombay.

Mr. S. Baptista appeared for the respondent-accused.

C. P. Governor Meets Editors

NAGPUR, Sept. 17, A.P.I.: His Excellency the Governor of Central Provinces and Berar met the editors of local newspapers and representatives of news agencies today and addressed them informally on certain subjects in which the Government was keenly interested at the present moment. His Excellency invited criticisms and suggestions from the journalists.

Among the subjects were the forthcoming general elections and the field publicity organisation which is being set up to convey news to the illiterate masses.

SHOULD ECONOMICS WAIT ON POLITICS?

(By Jamnadas Dwarkadas)
(VI).

My last article which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" of the 23rd ultimo has evoked a good deal of friendly and unfriendly criticism most of which has been verbally communicated to me. In that article I had endeavoured to describe the terrible situation created both by the corruption in the Control Department of the Government of India from which few officials, high and low, were immune, and the demoralisation that had crept into the world of businessmen, who, in their immoral pursuit of lucre had carelessly exploited, empoverished, starved and slaughtered a large portion of the population of this country. To the question put by some industrialists as to whether I believed that all businessmen were guilty of committing this crime on humanity, my answer is that in a large number of black sheep, there are, and are bound to be white ones. But these I regret to say are few and far between. For instance, I know that such reputable firms as the Tatas, the Wadias, the Khataus and others and a number of British firms in this country have seduously avoided falling a prey to the temptation of filling their pockets at the expense of the people. I also know, after careful investigation carried on most impartially, that in Ahmedabad too, industrialists like Mr. Ambarial Sarabhai, Kasturbhai Lalbhai and a few others, have rigidly held themselves aloof from this filthy game of collecting lucre at any cost. In short I admit that there is a marked distinction between the early pioneers of various industries, prominently the textile industry, and, on the other hand, the new-fangled industrialists who have come in comparatively recently into the circle of industrialists. It is the latter regarding whom I spoke in my last article. I have to admit in fairness that many British firms especially in the city of Bombay have not resorted to black marketing and profiteering and this applies not only to the firms of big industrialists but also to the smaller firms. The morale of Indian business has gone so low that one cannot find adequately harsh words to condemn it. However, as I stated in my last article, the sole question of official and non-official corruption will have to be investigated thoroughly by an impartial Commission set up by a National Government and the guilty persons will have to be brought to book and made severely to pay for these thoughtless crimes.

A Warning

The industrialists, who had gone to the United Kingdom in their individual capacity, have returned home. Obviously their visit from the national point of view was not only premature, as admitted by Mr. J.R.D. Tata, but in my humble opinion it was ill-advised before the advent of a National Government. It gave rise to legitimate suspicion that some "nook and corner" arrangement with British vested interests might be made to the detriment of India's interests and that suspicion is justified by the report that while from the national point of view no gain has accrued, individual deals have been entered into by some of the members of the so-called delegation in behalf of their respective firms. These reports are rather of a perturbing nature and justified the fear expressed in the course of my articles that exploitation of the people by the British, which has hitherto gone on, would probably be substituted by a nefarious arrangement between Indian and British elements for the exploitation of the masses. I cannot do better than severely warn the leaders of the country once more against the inclusion, directly or indirectly, of such people either in the Government newly to be formed, or their admission into their confidence.

Relief To Agriculturist

And now I come to the concluding portion of the series of articles I have written on the subject. I promised that in my last article I would humbly suggest some of the remedies as they occurred to me for the solution of the economic problems that confront the country. These remedies are by no means exhaustive. My only object is to provoke interest and thought in this direction. These remedies can be effected in the first place by Provincial Governments and, secondly, by the Central Government. So far as the former are concerned it must be based largely on the resolution passed a few years ago by the Indian National Congress on what are known as the fundemental rights of the people. Every Provincial Government on the re-formation of Congress Ministries in most of the provinces should forthwith tackle the question of freeing the agricultural population in each province from the burden of the heavy debts which they have been carrying on their shoulders from generation to generation. Let it not be forgotten that the bulk of India's population, viz., eighty-five per cent. is comprised of agriculturists and one of the root causes of the extremely low standard of life that exists in this country is their horrible poverty due largely to their heavy indebtedness. Each respective Provincial Government must by a stroke of the pen relieve them of this heavy burden. The piece-meal measures taken even by the Congress Governments that were last in power have advanced little the cause of the agriculturists. It is possible in my opinion to resort to such legislation as will enable the Provincial Governments to wipe off the debts immediately. The precedent can be supplied by the action taken by the late Sir P. D. Pattani, the late Dewan of Bhavnagar State and one of the ablest administrators in India. The agricultural population of the State was heavily indebted and of whatever they produced with the sweat of their brows, the lion's share went into the pockets of the moneylenders. This had been going on for generations and the population was being emasculated and emaciated. Sir P. D Pattani gathered together the "sowcars" and after a good deal of discussion effected an agreement with them by which he gave them twenty-five per cent of the capital debt in full settlement of the monies due to them. He advanced this amount as a loan to the agriculturists and arranged for its repayment by adding one per cent to the land revenue, ear-marking the same for the repayment of the loan. The cultivators were now free from the burden of debt and they gladly paid the additional one per cent as they had secured freedom from the clutches of the "sowcars". I see no reason why the Provincial Governments on assuming office, should not emulate this noble example. The bulk of the population of India are born in debt, they live in debt, they incur more debt, they die in debt, and they leave a legacy of debt to their children, and the foreign Government, who have never cared for the interests of the mases, have done practically nothing to lighten this burden. British administration in this country has not befriended the masses. They have only thrown crumbs to the handful of richer classes with a view to obtain their support in their game of naked exploitation. The freeing of the bulk of the population from indebtedness of any kind will at once raise the morale of the people and will help to enable them to do better work on the soil and to take more interest in the subject of production. For they will be conscious of the fact that the fruits of their labour will be hereafter retained by them. This to my mind constitutes the very first duty of the Provincial Governments on their resumption of office.

The next duty is for the Provincial Governments to bring out a programme of mass education of the right type which will enable the population intelligently to understand the problems that confront the country. Of this and the other remedies I shall speak in my next article which will conclude this series.

(To Be Concluded.)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Sholapur Mills

Mr. G. A. Meisheri's letter, published in your issue of Monday the 17th, is in reply to a statement made by the Joint Secretaries of the Sholapur Mills Shareholders' Association in connection with the report of the last year. The results are indeed very disappointing.

We, as shareholders, are not concerned with what Mr. Meisheri has to say about or against the Joint Secretaries of the Association, neither are we concerned with what Mr. Bhabha said or did in his capacity as the chairman for the last meeting. Our whole and sole aim is to see that our interests in the investment of the Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Mill, Limited, which, in my opinion, is like a gold mine, are well safeguarded.

The present Management has not been free from bitter criticism. The Directors themselves are said to have made allegations against each other, all of which lead only to one conclusion—the affairs require a serious look into. One can easily see from the figures submitted by the Secretaries of the Association that the working of the Sholapur Mills is far from satisfactory and in comparison with other mills in the same city it reveals a very disappointing state of affairs.

It is a pity that the mill agents of some of the mills have missed the golden opportunity, offered by the War, for building up reserves and creating new markets for their manufactures. They have yielded to the temptation to make money in other directions. We have heard of raids having been made and control over the sales having been taken by the police or the Government Departments concerned in connection with Sholapur Mills, but the true facts have not been revealed. I do not believe that suspicion has been created in the minds of the authorities that some underhand dealings are being carried on by the present Agents. The Sholapur Mills has enjoyed a reputation, which is second to none, and it should be a pity if, in the hands of the present Managing Agents, it is tarnished to such an extent as to be suspected of any irregularities. Taking everything into consideration I, as a shareholder, hope that in order to make their own position quite clear, the Board of Directors will throw some light and reveals all the figures which the shareholders may require for their elucidation. It is also desirable that some independent person, acceptable to the shareholders, may be engaged to look into the figures of the last year's working.

In the past the Sholapur Mills always stood high, but to-day it is regrettable that although it is much larger in size than any other mills in Sholapur, it has made comparatively smaller profit. The figures are very revealing and I hope that those shareholders, who have their own interests at heart, will call for further information from the Agents or help those who wish to elicite that information from the management.

Whilst closing I would add that the investment in the Sholapur Mills is like that of a gold mine, as the intrinsic value of the shares is very high. If the present Management does not adopt a reasonable attitude, it may not be difficult to get the assistance of the law to put matters right. The shareholders are, therefore, cautioned not to dispose of their shares in the belief that the prices will go down. Those who sell their shares will thus play into the hands of the persons who wish to buy as many shares as they can. The real intrinsic value of the shares is anything over rupees twelve thousand.

SHAREHOLDER.

Bombay, Sept. 17.

Federating Muslim Endowments In Bombay

In the first week of this month of August it was announced that attempts were being made by the trustees of the Parsi Panchayat to solve the problem of co-ordinating their communal charities. Satisfaction was expressed by Sir Shapurji Billimoria, who presided on the occasion, at the willing co-operation offered by the trustees of the different charitable trusts in solving the problems facing the Parsis of Bombay. The first committee appointed was named the Charity Resources Pooling and Planning Committee. This committee has to collect data on the resources of various charity trusts and to interpret the data thus collected. Further work will thus be undertaken by the Parsi Panchayat for the good of Parsis.

Should not this announcement to attempt pooling their resources by the Parsis of Bombay stimulate a similar attempt on the part of the Mussalmans of Bombay? Apart from the local Anjuman-i-Islam, which is in itself a result of some form of Muslim endowment, if we look into Schedule G of the Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Bombay, published in the 'Bombay Government Gazette' of December 21st, 1944, we find that there are 252 Muslim Waqfs registered in the course of 15 years from 1927 to 1942. Presumably there must be other endowments prior to 1927. If information were collected about these Waqfs, it would be very helpful data for knowing how much money could be made available for more effective use on Muslim national needs and thus to frame a programme accordingly.

The Muslim League Planning Committee met in Bombay last month, and it is not known whether this matter has been brought to their notice, and that any proposals have been formulated and any action suggested and urged in this particular.

Apart from making available all possible money for expenditure on national needs, one very important matter of immediate importance, and from which early results are certain, is the participation of the Mussalmans in what is termed as the post-war activities of India. Unless we have trained Muslim young men and young women fully qualified to stand shoulder to shoulder with young men and young women of other communities, Mussalmans will necessarily be handicapped in making their due contribution to general Indian progress.

Besides Muslim young men and young women of Bombay, many Muslim young men and young women in other provinces in India must certainly be prepared to take advantage of specialized training in India, in Europe and America if they are offered opportunities in that way. In about 10 or 15 years, a very large number of Muslim young men and young women could thus be trained to take their place in the activities of our country.

Mr. Saif Tayebji has considerable knowledge of local Waqfs, and has already initiated at the Anjuman-i-Islam, Bombay, a move for the coordination of Muslim Charities in Bombay.

The Jami Masjid could advance the cause of Arabic learning and Islamic culture by deputing selected and suitable persons for higher studies to the Jami Azhar and the Jami Fawwad, Cairo, Egypt, or to Iraq or Iran for advanced Shia religious studies. We could co-opt any Shia divine and others, for advice to our selected students, if a Shia Waqf is persuaded to collaborate with the Jami Masjid Waqf in this direction.

Recently a Sindhi merchant of California, Lala Watumal, announced from his trust the award of several scholarships to young men. Not only has his trust arranged for the admission of the selected scholars to a number of Universities in the U.S.A., for further studies in soil erosion, electricity, wireless, radiology, medicine etc., but the trust also obtained passages for these scholarship-holders through the American Express Incorporated. The Bengal Scientific Association of Calcutta helped scores of Bengalis young men in going abroad for scientific training over two decades ago. The Tata Scholarships assisted many Indians to enter into the All-India services of the country. This is how people who are alert do good to their own people in time.

In Bombay the Dawood Fazilbhoy Scholarship Fund, known as the Muslim Education Society, has done valuable work in helping Muslim students. Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Scholarships are also available for Muslim students. But very much more has yet to be done.

What is now needed is that these (1) two trusts, (2) the 252 Waqfs mentioned in Schedule G above, and (3) those prior to the year 1927, be federated in such a manner as to obtain the maximum benefit from them. The trusts are legally created for specific charities. While preserving their essential constitution it has to be found out how their working can be collaborated by a selection or election of their leading trustees to form a federation of the Muslim endowments of Bombay so that resources may be pooled and placed at the disposal of the proposed federation in order that a large sum for the award of stipends, scholarships, fellowships, etc., be forthcoming not only for students from Bombay but from a considerable part of the country as a whole. And regulations framed for these awards if compiled and published in book form, could be made available for the information of all Muslim colleges and Muslim students of India. The Sikhs in the Punjab have electrified themselves in recent years by means of the proper control of their endowments by organizing the Shromani Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee.

It is for the Provincial or the Bombay District Muslim League to move in the matter and call for a meeting of the local trusts concerned to consider the formation of this federation to work either with the Anjuman-i-Islam, Bombay, or preferably the Muslim Education Society (Dawood Fazilbhoy Scholarship Fund).

There is an impression that a proposal somewhat like this was put forward before, more than once, but the trustees of Bombay Muslim endowments were found reluctant to part with patronage under the excuse of the original intention of their endowments. The intention of this proposed federation is certainly not to deprive any trustees of their power of patronage. The only desire is to pool all resources, to set up a competent body to regulate the award of scholarships, and to arrange for scholars' passage to and from foreign countries, and to create a bureau of information for all cognate matters. Because former efforts failed, we should sit quiet; this is no argument. Now the times have changed and are rapidly changing. The trustees must realize that they must also extend the sphere of their usefulness and do good to a wider circle of young men and young women. By proper organization in about two decades a very large number of Muslim young men and young women should be available to take their active share in the industrialization of the country. Should this be lost to these trustees? Should the example of the Parsis be lost on them? Should the desire of the progress of their own people be lost on them? Simply in order that each trustee secures the individual 'salams' of the stray candidate or his near relatives? The great and noble trustees must be above all this. Let them come forward to show they are really above this reproach. Any difficulties can be solved if there is a sustained determined desire to solve them.

G. M. D. SUFI,
Muhammad Building,
Colaba, Bombay 5.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

NEW DELHI, Sept. 17.

The Government of India have appointed Lt.-Col. Sir Geoffrey Prior to represent their views to the Council of Foreign Ministers in London on any questions on which India, as one of the United Nations, may be invited to submit views for the consideration of the Council, says a press "communique".

—A. P. I.

★ ★ ★

Official fogginess, says a United Press of America despatch from London, shrouds the question of who India will be represented by or how at the Foreign Ministers' Council.

But is it at all necessary to bother about penetrating to the question of who India is represented by, much less, how?

★ ★ ★

A Washington report speaks of "the mission headed by Mr. J. R. D. Tata, which came here recently in search of dollar loans".

But, of course, the search failed because the dollar loans were effectively protected by a thick wall of sterling.

★ ★ ★

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai has issued a statement on Prince Liaquat Ali Khan's statement, in which the Prince had at last confessed about the Pact. That would have been quite all right. But Mr. Desai went further and showed up the Prince's inconsistencies and contradictions too.

Which is not quite all right. And if Mr. Bhulabhai continues in that rubbing-it-in strain we strongly urge upon the Prince to threaten to repudiate his confession and denounce it as an utter, unfounded fabrication.

★ ★ ★

"It would be against the interests of Islam and the Muslims to vote for any non-League candidate".

—Sir Firoz Khan Noon.

A historic event in the history of Islam in India. Who else is coming forward next as the champion of Islam?

★ ★ ★

There is a local report of a move to form a united front of Labour groups including Communists, Royists and Ambedkarites to challenge Congress in the Labour constituencies.

We leave it at that.

★ ★ ★

In a letter to the London "Times", Mr. L. S. Amery strongly advocates an Empire trade policy.

It is a pity that the ungrateful people of Sparkbrook have left their Imperial fellow-citizen only a medium of expression.

★ ★ ★

"The occupation of Kuala Lumpur (Malaya) has liberated 800 British and Indian troops"—Reuter.

Hurray!

What? Liberation of.....But don't you see that the question doesn't arise because occupation means liberation of Kuala Lumpur and, in fact, of the whole of Malaya?

★ ★ ★

Signor Ferrucio Parri, the Italian Prime Minister, urges that the colonies acquired (sic) by Italy were occupied with "the consent of the interested (sic) Powers" and were never a menace to anyone.

Except, of course, to the people of the Colonies who were never asked their consent because obviously they were not accepted as "interested".

But Signor Parri's poser to the Imperialists of Europe is a neat little one.

Togo To Stand Trial As War Criminal

TOKYO, Sept. 17. (Reuter): Shigenori Togo, who as Foreign Minister bore the major responsibility for the attack on Pearl Harbour, is to stand trial as a war criminal, it was understood in Tokyo today.

Togo, who gave himself up to Allied authorities on Saturday, is now under surveillance.

Whether he will be put in gaol depends on the report of American doctors concerning the condition of his heart, it was learned.

S. African War Criminals

DURBAN, September 16. (Reuter). South African Nationals who actively supported Axis powers during the war will be tried as war criminals, the Hon. Dr. Colin Steyn, K. C. Union Minister of Justice, announced today.

"All steps are being taken to trace the number of South African Nationals who were in league with the enemy and actively supported them", he said.

"DON QUIXOTE WHO STRAYED INTO 20TH CENTURY"

Picturesque Career Of Rajah Mahendra Pratap

CALCUTTA, (A.P.A.): Rajah Mahendra Pratap, whom Pandit Jawaharlal described in his "autobiography" as a "Don Quixote who had strayed into the twentieth century", is among those arrested in Japan on the orders of General MacArthur.

This once landed aristocrat from Mattra (U. P.) escaped during the last war overland to Germany through Afghanistan and put before the ex-Kaiser plans for an invasion of India. The German dream of world domination having failed, he was no more heard of for a long time.

Then, he was located in Tokyo. The British Consular Service took some interest in his activities, and Mahendra Pratap protesting declared that he was an Afghan subject.

His enthusiasm in the post-last-war years was in the organisation of a "happiness society", with the motto "be happy". This society met with great success in some European countries.

Later on, Rajah Mahendra trekked his way round the world and dreamed of uniting the world in a federation. He started a pamphlet called "The World Federation", near Tokyo, and distributed it to most of the leading personalities of the world and almost all the heads of various Governments. He visualised Honolulu (Hawaiian island) as the seat of the world government.

Indian students who had returned from Japan speak of how he used to go about canvassing his ideas and visions, but with very little success. Pandit Nehru also terms him a "visionary away from realism" though he was terribly earnest about his ideas.

In his house near Tokyo, Rajah Mahendra had miniature models of church, temple and mosque, and with all seriousness he used to point out to visitors that he was endeavouring to fuse them all into one living whole.

His division of the federating units was also characteristic of him. The world, according to him, was to consist of Buddha, Veda, Christ, Muhammad and animist groups of countries India came under the veda group.

This visionary in his sixties was a curious figure to look at. Pandit Jawaharlal who met him in Switzerland says that "this lean, tall, bespectacled and bearded rajah was in strange composite attire that might have suited a Dalai Lama or a Siberian".

BENGAL'S TREMENDOUS OVATION FOR BOSE

(Continued from Page 1.)

no power on earth which can stand in their way.

"Quit Asia" is the work to which we should address ourselves through utmost service and sacrifice".

NO REPLY TO HIS CHALLENGE TO GOVT.

CALCUTTA, September 17. (A.P.I.). Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose in an interview to-day said that nine days after his arrest (when he was in Presidency jail) he had sent a communication to the Government of India challenging them to prove the charge made against him in the official "communique" issued at the time of his arrest that he had contacts with the Japanese. So far no reply has been received, he added.

Mr. Bose considered that the 1942 movement was a belated one. He thought that better results would have been achieved if a movement was started in 1939 as they had been urging.

Asked about the Indian National Army, Mr. Bose said that the matter was too personal for him

Mr. Bose proposes to start for Bombay to-morrow.

SIND CONGRESS LEADERS FOR BOMBAY.

KARACHI, September 17. (A.P.I.). The Sind Congress leaders including Dr. Choithram Gidwani and Mr. R. K. Sidhwa left for Bombay to-day to attend the forthcoming A.I.C.C. meeting.

They will meet Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, and discuss with him the question of admitting into the Congress Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani, Revenue Minister, and other Hindu independents, who wish to contest the forthcoming elections on the Congress ticket.

It is understood that the Nationalist Muslims who are anxious to give a united front to the Muslim League in Sind have also approached the Congress for its support during the elections.

Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani is leaving for Bombay by air to-morrow.

Khan Bahadur Haji Moulabux, the leader of the Azad Muslims in Sind, has left Shikarpur for New Delhi to meet the Nationalist Muslims. He is expected to reach Bombay in time to joint the talks with the Congress President.

Moulvi Mohamed Sadiq, President of the Jamait-ul-Ulema in Sind, left Karachi yesterday for New Delhi.

PT. SHUKLA FOR BOMBAY.

NAGPUR, September 17. (A.P.I.): Pandit Ravishankar Shukla, former Congress premier of C. P. and Berar, left for Bombay to-day to attend the A.I.C.C. meeting.

Nationalist Muslims Mobilise For Perfect Rolls

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Monday.

A meeting of about 30 leading nationalist-minded Muslims was convened in Bandra by Mr. Habib Parpia to discuss how best to organise the forces of the community towards the perfect rolls as also to create better understanding between hte sister communities. Amongst those present were Mr. Mohamed Hussein Hasham Premji, vice-president of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Mr. Habib Parpia and his brother Mr. F. Ali, Mr. Tayabjee, Mr. Salim Merchant, Mr. Abdul Satar Parikh, Mr. Bigrani or Kurla, Mr. Salebhai Zaveri and an Ahrar leader of the suburban district organisation. In the meeting it was decided to invite Mr. Noori in their next meeting and solicit his advice as to how best to conduct this campaign in conformity with Bombay and All-India working. It was revealed in the meeting that the convener and his co-workers have already started their work in right earnest in the predominently Muslim centres of Bandra, Kurla and Andheri.

A similar meeting of Nationalist Christians and the scheduled classes is also expected to co-ordinate their efforts to remove the irregularities and rectify the present-day imperfections. The secretary of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee told me that their work of the perfect roll campaign was going on in full swing and that about ten thousand applications for insertion of their names have already been received so far and many more are likely to come by the time the final date for closing arrives. As regards the University Constituency he told me that owing to the limited number of voters, the roll was open for scrutiny between hours of 3 p.m. to 6 p.m. in the office of the the B. S. D. C. at 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Jehangir Wadia Building, where the Suburban University voters are requested to scrutinise their names and put in their application. It is hoped that the University voters will take advantage of this facility and co-operate with secretary, B. S. D. C. in rectifying the roll.

"BEAST OF BELSEN" HAULED UP

First Full-Dress War Crimes Case Opens: S. S. Woman Faints In Court

LUNEBURG, September 17. (Reuter): When Joseph Kramer "Beast of Belsen", commandant of the notorious Belsen Prison Camp and 47 of his camp guards, including 20 women, went before their accusers at the British Military Court here to-day, he was chained to Dr. Fritz Klein, the Camp Doctor, to prevent a rumoured attempt to effect his escape, cables Reuter's special correspondent. Kramer—central figure of the first full dress war crimes case of World War Two—is charged with causing death and suffering to inmates of the Belsen Concentration Camp and the Camp at Auschwitz (Oswiecim) in Poland.

Kramer was pale and grim as he led the accused into the dock at the Luneburg court room. Only pretty flaxen haired Irma Grese, woman of the S. S. Guard, could manage to raise a smile when they were photographed.

S. S. WOMAN FAINTS.

As the accused entered the dock, another woman of the S. S. Guard fainted and was supported by Grese.

The prisoners wore S. S. Uniforms, the grey of which contrasted strangely with the red caps of British military policemen standing behind them as guards.

The trial opened with an application by one of the British officers for defence, Major Winwood, for a separate trial for Kramer, as he wished to call certain witnesses and could not if both the charges were considered at one trial. This and other requests for reparate trials were overruled by the court and the British Barrister, Colonel Backhouse, then opened the case for the prosecution.

The case is a definite one: That the people concerned are members of an organisation, that they served under a joint leader and that each one of the persons in the dock has taken part in these cruelties", he said.

A COMMON ACTION.

"There is ample evidence to justify the court coming to an overwhelming conclusion that this was a common action. It cannot be a coincidence that, at five cook-houses people are shooting out of the window or that at Auschwitz people went around hitting you on the head with a large stick and that they did the same thing at Belsen".

At first Kramer bore a hunted expression as with set lips and averted eyes he sat in a corner of the dock. Later he relaxed and the glimmer of a smile appeared on his face.

Grese sat immobile and her face muscles did not even twitch as flashlights of scores of cameras exploded within a feet of her

Doongaji Inter-School Dramatic Competition

BOMBAY, Monday.

The second annual Inter-School Dramatic competition for the "Tehmuras Doongaji Challenge Trophy" was held on Sunday morning at the Sunderabai Hall. Eight schools took part in the competition and Mr. Ismail Beg Mahommed High School carried away the Trophy.

Reds Shoot Superfort By Mistake

Moscow Tenders Apology In Response To Protest From America

NEW YORK, Sept. 16 (Reuter): General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Allied Commander-in-Chief, has registered a strong protest with the Russians who shot down an American Super-Fortress on August 29. The Russians have apologised for the error, according to a Tokyo dispatch received here.

The plane was over Russian-controlled Korean territory when it was intercepted by Soviet fighters who shot off one engine, the report said. The crew of 12 bailed out safely.

The Russians explained that their airmen thought that the Japanese might have repaired a captured Super-Fortress and they took no chances.

CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS

WE THE PEOPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS DETERMINED

to save succeeding generations from the scourge of war, which twice in our lifetime has brought untold sorrow to mankind, and

to reaffirm faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person, in the equal rights of men and women and of nations large and small, and

to establish conditions under which justice and respect for the obligations arising from treaties and other sources of international law can be maintained, and

to promote social progress and better standards of life in larger freedom,

AND FOR THESE ENDS

to practice tolerance and live together in peace with one another as good neighbors, and

to unite our strength to maintain international peace and security, and to ensure, by the acceptance of principles and the institution of methods, that armed force shall not be used, save in the common interest, and to employ international machinery for the promotion of the economic and social advancement of all peoples,

HAVE RESOLVED TO COMBINE OUR EFFORTS TO ACCOMPLISH THESE AIMS.

Accordingly, our respective Governments, through representatives assembled in the city of San Francisco, who have exhibited their full powers found to be in good and due form, have agreed to the present Charter of the United Nations and do hereby establish an international organization to be known as the United Nations.

The Charter of the United Nations creating an international organisation dedicated to the maintenance of world peace was signed by representatives of 50 nations on June 26, 1945 in San Francisco.

U.S.O.W.I. Photo.

RUSSIA WANTS TO BUILD UP BALKAN CONFEDERATION

BUCHAREST, September 17 (U. P. A.):—According to leading political observers here and elsewhere in the Balkans, Soviet policy in eastern Europe is definitely sponsoring a close union between Bulgaria and Jugoslavia as a first step towards formation of a workable Balkan confederation, writes Ann Stringer, 'United Press of America' correspondent.

American diplomats in Belgrade said that Russia picked the two countries as starters because of their geographical and ethnological similarities.

Already trade agreements have been enlarged and opened up and much pan-slav feeling encouraged.

Bulgarian foreign minister Professor Petko Staynoff said during an interview that he favoured such a plan but said that Britain had sent a note of warning that such a federation at the present time was definitely not acceptable to her.

Communist leader and Party Secretary General Traytcho Kostov commented, "for years you Anglo-Americans have been saying 'why can't you Balkan countries get along together? Why can't you work together as one nation for a common cause rather than several tiny states working at cross purposes?' Well, now we have begun to consider such a step seriously and started to work towards it and instead of help we might have expected we receive a lot of warning from the British."

Bulgarian premier Kimon Georgiv flatly refused, and stated that he felt Balkans' future lay in close co-operation with the Soviets but he said it was premature to state that Bulgaria anticipated incorporation into the Soviet Union but that definite plans were afoot toward a Balkan federation.

All leaders in both countries said that such a union would not be angled against Anglo-American interests.

In Rumania, however, the federation idea is not warmly received although they admit it might be the solution to bitter Balkan differences. Rumanians consider themselves Latin-Slav but they unfailingly stressed their desire and intention to get along with Russia.

SOVIET COVETS RED SEA PORT

LONDON, Sept. 15 (A.P.A.): Russia voiced territorial ambitions in the Mediterranean during yesterday's session of the Big Five Foreign Ministers' Council, it was learned last night on good authority.

Details of the Russian demand were not immediately available, but it was known that Russia went beyond anything the British or Americans had expected.

The request came during the Foreign Ministers' discussions of the future of Italian Colonies.

Especial surprise was expressed over the Russian demand in view of the conversation the Soviet Foreign Commissar, Molotov, had on Thursday with Niccolo Carendini, the Italian Ambassador to London. The Italian Embassy said that the talk was extremely friendly.

Observers speculated that the likeliest spot in the Mediterranean to attract strong Russian interest would be the Dodecanese Islands which guard the enrance to the Dardanelles Straits.

The Dodecanese Islands are already the subject of strong demands by the Greeks who want them "returned" to Hellenic rule.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 (U.P.I.): The "New York Times" publishes a despatch from its highly well informed London correspondent, Sulzeberger, reporting that Russia's demands at the 'Big Five" Foreign Ministers' Conference include the grant of a port on the Red Sea and cession of Trieste to Yugoslavia and Southern Tyrol to Austria.

Sulzeberger adds that America and Britain will oppose the Red Sea demand and Trieste shift and the British are nervous lest an international trusteeship of Italian colonies should bring Russia too deep into the Mediterranean, and are thought to be contemplating the placing of Cyprus and Palestine under an international trusteeship if American backing could be truly counted on.

JAWAHARLAL DEMANDS PUBLICATION OF GRADY REPORT

(Continued from Page 1)

tinued and that there was need for a central organisation of this kind to keep alive in the country the idea of the necessity of bringing about planned economy. It was stressed in the course of various speeches that the present Government in India neither believes in planning nor is it competent to bring it about. It was further felt that before the sub-committees started revising their work it would be necessary for the National Planning Committee itself to review the situation and issue fresh directives. For this purpose, the National Committee will hold its next meeting on November 6 in Bombay. Previously to that a sub-committee will consider these matters and report to the National Planning Committee at its next meeting.

QUESTION OF PRIORITIES.

In regard to the question of the priorities it was pointed out that the Central Government's so-called planning had little to do with any co-ordination or real planning and it was more of a chaotic approach to a problem which could only be considered in its entirety.

A reference was made to the present activities of the Government of India and the British Government in undertaking schemes which are likely to come in the way of India's progress and apparently designed to benefit foreign interests. References were also made to the question of Sterling Balances, War Burdens, the Foreign Trade of India and Indian interests in Burma and Malaya.

PLEA FOR FRESH REVIEW.

The following resolutions were passed by the Planning Committee:—

"In view of the long period that has elapsed since the last meeting of the National Planning Committee and the vast changes that have taken place due in war conditions and otherwise, it is desirable that the Committee should review afresh the objective for a planned economy and should issue directives to the sub-committees about future work. In considering this, the previous resolutions of the Planning Committees as well as the various plans for national planning placed before the country should be reviewed with a view to speed up production and to organise distribution in such a way as to bring about the maximum increase in the standard of living of the people with a minimum period of time.

"It is also necessary to prepare a factual statement of the changes that have taken place in the country and outside and their effect on any scheme of planned economy. Further, it is desirable to draw a list of priorities with the resources which may be available to us that may be taken up immediately with a view to meet the problems of varying urgency that are likely to confront the country in the immediate future.

SUB-COMMITTEE.

"These questions should be considered by the National Planning Committee at its next meeting to be held on November 6. Meanwhile, a sub-committee consisting of Dr. John Mathai, Col. Sokhey, Sir C. V. Mehta, Mr. A. D. Shroff, Mr. Manu Subedar and Prof. K. T. Shah (convener) is appointed to consider these questions and to report thereon to the next meeting of the National Planning Committee."

GRADY REPORT MUST BE PUBLISHED DEMANDS NEHRU.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in an interview to the Bombay press regarding the difficulties of the National Planning Committee said:

"Ever since we began the work of the Planning Committee we have been hampered by lack of reliable data and statistics and other materials relating to various subjects under consideration. To begin with, much of the required data is not in existence and such as existed is not made available to the public. These difficulties have grown during wartime when for alleged reasons of security and economy, reports have not been published for a number of years. Even when such reports have been published, copies are difficult to obtain. The materials collected by various Panels appointed by the Planning Department of the Government of India is wholly inaccessible.

GOVT. MUST PUBLISH ALL SUCH REPORTS.

It is obvious that no effective planning can take place without sufficient data. It is urgently necessary for Government to publish or release all such reports and statistics as are with them and have not so far been published. Among these are reports and statistics relating to trade and industry of the country such as the report of the American Grady Mission which came in 1942. Whatever reasons there might have been for the suppression of this report during war-time, these reasons do not exist now. The Government should release the report. To suppress reports made by independent experts could only lead to the conclusion that the reports contain matter which was not to the credit of Government or that they may be recommendations for the industrial development of the country which the British Government were anxious to suppress.

In any event this report of the Grady Mission must be published now as well as other report and material in the possession of Government. This is not merely necessary from the point of view of the National Planning Committee but in order to interest the public in planning the various schemes that are being put forward. Only an intelligent public appreciation of these matters can lead to public co-operation."

SOVIET WAY OF LIFE!

LONDON, September 16. (A.P.A.): The London Sunday Pictorial expressed distasta to-day with Russia's Foreign Minister Molotov's corps of body guards which trail the Soviet official constantly during his attendance at the "Five Power" parley.

"It is not our idea of hospitality to see a dozen strong men closing up behind the motor car of the distinguished diplomat every time he pays a call," the paper said, adding: "Nor is it particularly good advertising for the Soviet way of life."

Need For A Bold Housing Programme

It Is Primary Task Of Employers Who Made Wealth From Services Of Employees, Says Municipal Commissioner

"I still whole heartedly welcome the gesture and will feel myself fortunate if I can advance its consummation to however small an extent". With these words, Mr. U. M. Mirchandani, the Municipal Commissioner commended the resolution of Mr. S. K. Patil which he has moved on the 5th instant to provide 50,000 to 60,000 one and two room tenements for the poorer and lower middle classes.

On Monday Mr. K. H. Goregaokar moved the third amendment to encourage private buildings on Municipal leased plots and to repair existing buildings.

The Municipal Commissioner said "In England the Government have got a building programme whereby they propose to construct 4 lacs houses every year for twenty years.

The question may arise, if it is possible to build four lacs houses every year in England, why not build 50,000 houses in Bombay in six months? The reason is this: In England, there is National Priority No. 1, which gives authority to the Government, to use labour, materials and money for this purpose. If this is made possible in Bombay, the building programme also will be very easy. The Commissioner did not encourage one room tenement programme, but tenements of two living rooms and a kitchen with 250 s. ft. area as recommended by Housing Panel was feasible. He also did not think that private enterprise was practicable. The Municipality had built tenements for those who were dishoused in the explosion of 14th April 1944, and gave each tenement on rental of Rs. 7-8-0 per month. Similar tenements were copied by private enterprise, and the rent charged was Rs. 20 per month. In no country, he said, private enterprise built houses for the poor people. Housing was a national responsibility and primary liability of the employers who created wealth from the services of the employees. They must, therefore, provide the essential basic needs. Referring to Dharavi slums, he said it was an eye sore, and he hoped something would be done to better this plague spot. He had submitted a proposal for the construction of 500 rooms, and he hoped it would be passed. He did not think that the Municipal land could be given at concession rate for building purposes. The law would not allow it. It could be only given at market rate. The Commissioner then commended the proposal to the house and hoped that in his regime something would be done to solve the housing problem.

The question was then put to vote and all the amendments previously moved were thrown out and the original resolution of Mr S K Patil was agreed to

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE'S AFFAIRS

Mr P K Sawant moved to record the report of the Schools Committee. Mr R A. Gole criticising the affairs of the Schools Committee said they were going from bad to worse. He referred to the mass meeting of the residents of Lower Colaba where resolutions were passed drawing attention of the Corporation to the fact that in a school building though the accommodation was for only 400 students 600 students were packed and as if that was not enough, the Schools Committee had given back four rooms of the building to the landlord.

Mr Mirza Akhtar Hassan gave another example of a school at Walkeshwar where two rooms were given to the landlord for whitewash and these two rooms were not taken possession of, for two years and yet rent was paid to the landlord for two years.

Mr N. C Bharucha moved an amendment to adjourn the debate on this question but the amendment was thrown out, and the original resolution was carried. Mr R A. Gole who set the ball rolling to the discussion voted for the resolution as party discipline required him to do so.

At an earlier stage, the Mayor welcomed Mr Y J Meherally to the Corporation after a long time and expressed a hope that he would be all right soon. The House then adjourned till Thursday.

JOIN CHINA AND RUSSIA IN WAR ON IMPERIALISM

Forward Bloc Secretary's Appeal To People To Support Congress

NAGPUR, Sept. 17. (A. P. I.): The Secretary of the Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee has issued instructions to Congress workers in the province to commence the election campaign with strict discipline and devotion.

Mr H. V. Kamath Secretary to the All-India Forward Bloc, declared at a public meeting that there was no difference between the Congress and the Forward Bloc when the Congress adopted the "Quit India" resolution in 1942. Mr. R. S. Bulkar president of the Bloc he said had already assured Mahatma Gandhi that they would go the whole hog with the Congress in the freedom movement.

The days of imperialism were numbered and after fascism it was now the turn of imperialism said Mr. Kamath. China and Russia had already combined and if India too joined hands with them these three would free the whole world and bring peace and happiness.

Mr. Kamath urged the people to support the Congress.

Bharathi Day Celebrations Terminate

BOMBAY, Monday.

Presiding over the final day's programme of Bharathi Day Celebrations last evening held under auspices of the Bombay Tamil Sangham and the South Indian Association Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, paid glowing tributes to Sri. Subrahmanya Bharathi, who by his many sided activities—as a Poet, Patriot and Reformer—rendered yeoman service to the cause of his country. Bharathi had carved out for himself a unique place in the galaxy of World's Great Poets.

Messrs. Tejoriwalla, C. R. Sundaram, K. S. Gopalakrishnan and C. K. Narayanswamy participated in the symposium.

Prior to the meeting prizes were distributed to the successful competitors—girls and boys—who took part in the Bharathi Songs competition.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET.

MADRAS Sept. 17.

Following are to-day's quotations:—

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 31/4, Do. 7¼/8, Mysore Sugar 50/-, Travancore 15/14.

PLANTINGS: Cochin Malabar 2/1, Chembra Peaks CD 10/1, Devashola 15, Pringfords CR 15, High Produce 30, Kaipettas CR 33, Malankura 52, Manalur 4/12, Midland CD 12, Nellithanam 14/8, Ouchterlony 9/15, Pallangodes 3/1/6, Thirumbadi 4/7, Vaikundam 20/4, Vellitam 33 Woodlands 12/2

TEXTILES: Bangalore Woi 500, B and C Ordy. 343, Cambodia 30/2, Coimbatore Murugan 200, Do. New 102 Coimbatore Pioneer 357/8, Coimbatore C M. 252/4, Dhanalaxmi 350, Janardhana 122/12, Kaleeswarar 676, Kothari Tax 32, Lakshmi 176 Do. New 89 Mettur 261, Madura 74/12, Pankaja 271, Radhakrishna 352/8, Rangavilas 155 Sitaram Spg. 170, Trichinopoly 22/11, Vasantha 315.

MISCELLANEOUS: And Cement 122/8, Bruntons 10, Hind Trust 21/12, Ind. St. Roll 9/10, Mysore Chem. and Fert 21/6 Mysore Chem. Mfrs. CD 30, Mettur Chem. 15/6, Do. Defd. 5/6, Prithvi 10/14, Singareni 19/14, Spencer 14/14.—A. P. I.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET.

AHMEDABAD Sept. 17.

The market feeling was mixed and it moved narrowly on both ways, steels being more prominent. Calico opened 1240, Lowest 1241 Highest 1253, Closed 1248, Diferred opened 2286, Lowest 2278 Highest 2290, Closed 2277, Arvind opened 1374, Lowest 1373, Highest 1392 Closed 1388.

CLOSING RATES: Arvind 1388, Arvind Straw Board 69 Ajit 352/8, Ambika 440, Calico 1248 Jagdish 176, Jupiter 324, New Cotton 486/4, Bhalkia 161/4, Bharat Suryodaya 129/8, Morris Transport 118/8, Marsdon 177/8, Monogram 144, Rohit 325 Baroda Spinning 655 Sarasapur 519, Deferred 2277, Gujrat Transport 82.

The following shares were given in delivery at week-end:—Calico 116, Ambika 127, Jupiter 6, Marsdon 6, Monogram 15 Saraspur 39, Deferred 8, Ordinary 30, Arvind 148.

END OF "WAR" IN JAPAN

NEW YORK, September 15 (Reuter).—It is reported today that the word "war" will never again be used by Japanese text books. The change is part of the plan of the Ministry of Education for reconstruction of Japan as a peace-loving nation.

NOCTURNAL CRIMES OF RED ARMY MEN

LONDON, Sept. 17. (Reuter): Ossain Goulding, the "Daily Telegraph" Special Correspondent in Berlin, states: "The number and frequency of acts of nocturnal, lawlessness perpetrated by irresponsible elements of the Red Army, in sectors of the city occupied by the British, the Americans, and the French are subjecting inter-allies' relations in Berlin today to a good deal of strain".

"I write", Goulding says, "not with any desire to offend our Allies, but to draw their attention to legitimate grievances, of many of which, without doubt, the Russian Army commands are quite unaware, and by giving them publicity, hasten the finding of a remedy for them. Our Russian Allies are stern realists who do not respect any one whose policy is based on a fear of saying something which might offend Moscow.

Goulding writes, "crime figures for the period from May to the beginning of August show that out of 41 cases of unsolved murders in the city 25 suspects wanted by the German Criminal Police are members of Russian armed forces.

British officials and garrison troops —and I have reason to believe, I am speaking for the Americans also when I say this—cannot be full of admiration or friendship for the Russians when Red army officers and men are coming nightly into the sectors under their Allies' command, committing crimes of murder, rape and looting against the civil population.

The Russian political police or German agents appointed by them, are secretly abducting German dwelling in British or American areas of Berlin under British and American law and protection".

"Foreign Agents" Active In Syria!

DAMASCUS, Sept. 17. (Reuter): Heated charges and counter-charges flew last night at a session of the Syrian Chamber of Deputies when the former Minister of Foreign Affairs, Jamil Mardam Bey, accused "foreign agents" of causing the recent crisis in the Ministry.

He alleged that the agents, relying on Governmental weakness, were continuing their activities and said that he knew of documents which would substantiate his accusations. Mardam Bey's accusations caused a storm in the Chamber, and the debate became so heated that the President closed the session, leaving several Government measures unvoted.

A Bill of Amnesty was passed earlier in the proceedings.

20 JEWISH YOUTHS FACE TRIAL

HAIFA, Sept. 17. (Reuter): The largest number of accused ever to be tried simultaneously before a British Military Court in Palestine will appear here tomorrow—18 Jewish youths and two Jewish girls under twenty who will face five charges of possession of firearms without authority or reasonable excuse under the Palestine 1936 Emergency Regulation.

All the twenty will be defended by one lawyer, Mr. Max Seligman, formerly of Cardiff.

They were arrested on August 16, in a forest clearing near Benjamina, south of Haifa. It is alleged that a police search yielded four grenades, two rifles, two machineguns, 14 pistols, 201 rounds of ammunition and a large quantity of explosives hidden beneath bushes.

The accused, who are students at Telaviv, claim that they were holiday campers and deny ownership of the arms.

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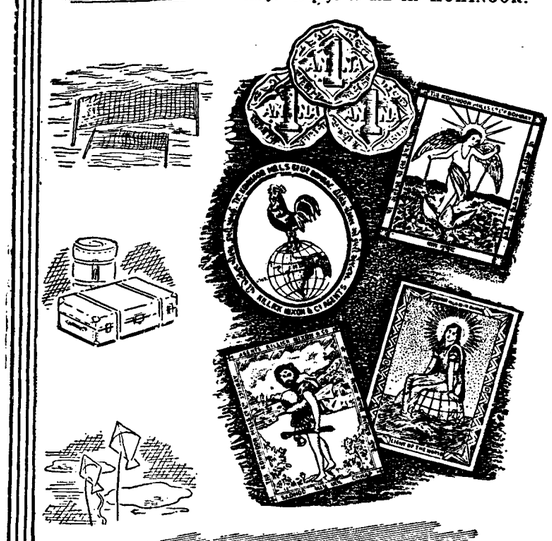

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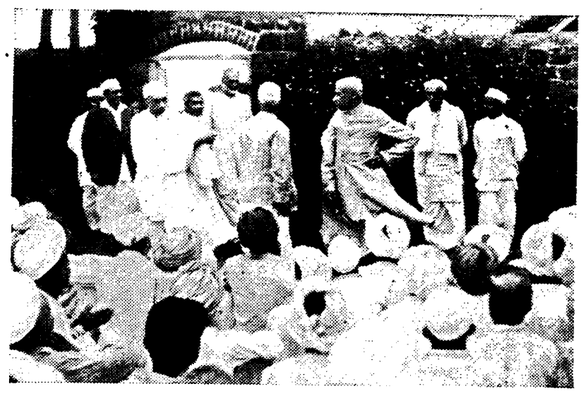
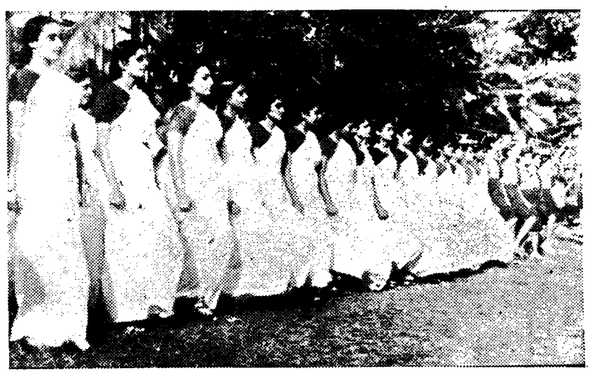
HERBAL OINTMENT



Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Shankerrao Deo Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Pattabhi Sitaramayya and others giving "Darshan" to the people of Poona where the Congress Working Committee is holding its session at present.



Congress women volunteers get ready for the forthcoming A. I. C. C. Session in Bombay.

"Jinnah Is Not A Muslim"

Ahrars Open Election Campaign

(From Our Correspondent).

LAHORE, Sept. 16.—Refusal to accept the Muslim League as the sole representative of Indian Mussalmans and the announcement of its own candidates for the forthcoming election to the Punjab Legislative Council were the two main features of a huge public meeting held under the auspices of the All-India Majlis and Ahrar-i-Hind, last night, under the presidentship of Sahibzada Faizul Hasan.

The meeting contained a number of uniformed volunteers and was considered as a test, because a challenge had been thrown out by other party that the Ahrars would not be allowed to hold their meeting.

CHARGE AGAINST MR. JINNAH

Maulana Mazaharali Azhar accused Mr. Jinnah of being guilty of committing "un-Islamic acts" and said that as Mr. Jinnah himself had declared at the time of his marriage in 1918 that he was not a Muslim he could not be accepted as a leader for the Mussalmans. He also declared that the Ahrars were putting up candidates against the President of the Punjab Muslim League and many other prominent League leaders.

NATIONALIST MUSLIMS CONFER

Expected To Decide Upon Contesting Elections

NEW DELHI, Sept. 16 (API).

On the eve of elections the various nationalist organizations who have assembled here at the invitation of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema commenced their deliberations today in order to decide their attitude to the forthcoming general elections and to hammer out a common policy acceptable to the various nationalist organisations opposed to the Muslim League.

Though no final decision has been made about intesting the elections, it is understood that Nationalist Muslims will decide to contest the elections.

A prominent Nationalist Muslim told the Associated Press that though the present franchise was very unsatisfactory and would rob a majority of our people of their right to vote, it was advisable for Muslim nationalists to contest the elections and disprove the Muslim League contention to represent all the Muslims.

This view is shared by most of the nationalist leaders who have assembled here.

This morning the Working Committee of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema met for about four hours. In the evening the joint meeting of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema and other Muslim nationalist organizations was held under the presidentship of Moulana Hussain Ahmed Madani. The representatives of the All-India Muslim Majlis, All-India Momin Conference, Khudai Khidmatgars and Andhra Muslim Nationalist Party were present.

U. P. Congress Move For Urdu Daily To Fight Elections

LUCKNOW, September 16. (U.P.I.): The "United Press of India" understands that following the decision of the Working Committee to participate in the ensuing elections to the Provincial and Central Legislatures, the U. P. Congress Committee will launch its election campaign in the Province just after the Provincial Congress Committee's meeting to be held in the first week of October in Lucknow.

It is further understood the Provincial Congress will bring out an Urdu daily to place before the Muslim public the Congress stand vis-a-vis the communal problem. It is learnt that the Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee is seeking permission for five tons of paper every month for publishing handbills and leaflets during the election campaign.

The Provincial Congress Committee is also going to strengthen its Publicity Department by requisitioning the services of a few experts.

Some District Congress Committees, it is further learnt, will also have their own Urdu dailies for educating the Muslim masses in connection with the elections.

"Bengal P.C.C. Practically Banned", Says Mrs. Dutta

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16 (U.P.I.): Mrs. Labanya Probha Dutta, President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, has sent the following telegram to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad at Poona:

"With Messrs. Surendra Ghose, Arun Guha and seven other A.I.C.C. members, Mr. Bhupati Mazumdar, Vice-President, and many members of the Provincial Congress Committee and many District Presidents and Secretaries and other prominent Congress workers still in detention the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee is practically banned.

"The release of all detenus and political prisoners and their unrestricted movements are essential for the normal functioning of the Congress.

"Request appropriate action by the Working Committee and the A.I.C.C."

Copies of the telegram have been sent to Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Dr. Profulla Ghose and Mr. Kiran Sanker Roy also.

PLEA FOR JAI PRAKASH'S RELEASE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (A.P.I.): Mr. Satyanarayan Sinha, Chief Whip of the Central Assembly Congress Party and General Secretary of the Bihar P. C. C. who arrived here this morning has issued the following statement:

"May I hope the Government of India will consider the question of release of Mr. Jai Prakash Narain and his other friends similarly detained. There is no justification now whatsoever to keep them in detention even for a day.

DEVASTATING HURRICANE SWEEPS FLORIDA

NEW YORK, September 16 (Reuter).—The damage from wind and fire in the hurricane which swept Florida last night is estimated at 50,000,000 dollars (12,500,000 pounds), said a report from Miami to-night.

COL. CHAWLA SAFE IN SINGAPORE

DUNDEE SCOTLAND. September 16 (Reuter).—Lt.-Col. Chawla of the Indian Medical Service who was taken prisoner at Sirigapore, has cabled Mrs. Chawla, Dundee, that he is safe in Singapore. He was in command of the Eighteenth Field Ambulance (Malaya).

ANTI-HINDI POLICY OF A.I.R. CONDEMNED

Municipal Commissioners Among 200 People Who Demonstrate With Black Flags & Slogans

LUCKNOW, Sept. 16 (API). About two hundred persons including some Lucknow Municipal Commissioners, carrying black flags and shouting slogans staged a demonstration today in front of the Lucknow Station of All-India Radio as a protest against the language policy of A I R in regard to Hindi.

Man officer of the organisation who came out was handed over a copy of a resolution passed earlier at a public meeting presided over by Raja Suresh Prakash Singh of Tikra and addressed among others by Raja Maheshwar Dayal Seth.

Political Worker Arrested In Datia

(From Our Correspondent.)

DATIA, C.I September 13.

Dewan Kalkaprasad a political worker of Datia State who is trying to organise a Prajamandal in Datia State, was arrested by the Datia State Police. After 22 hours detention in police lock-up he was produced before the magistrate and was released immediately. The condition in the Datia Police lock-up is very unhealthy and prisoners are given only 10 pice in 24 hours for their diet.

Truman Returns To Washington

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16 (Reuter) President Truman returned to Washington to-night from Missouri.

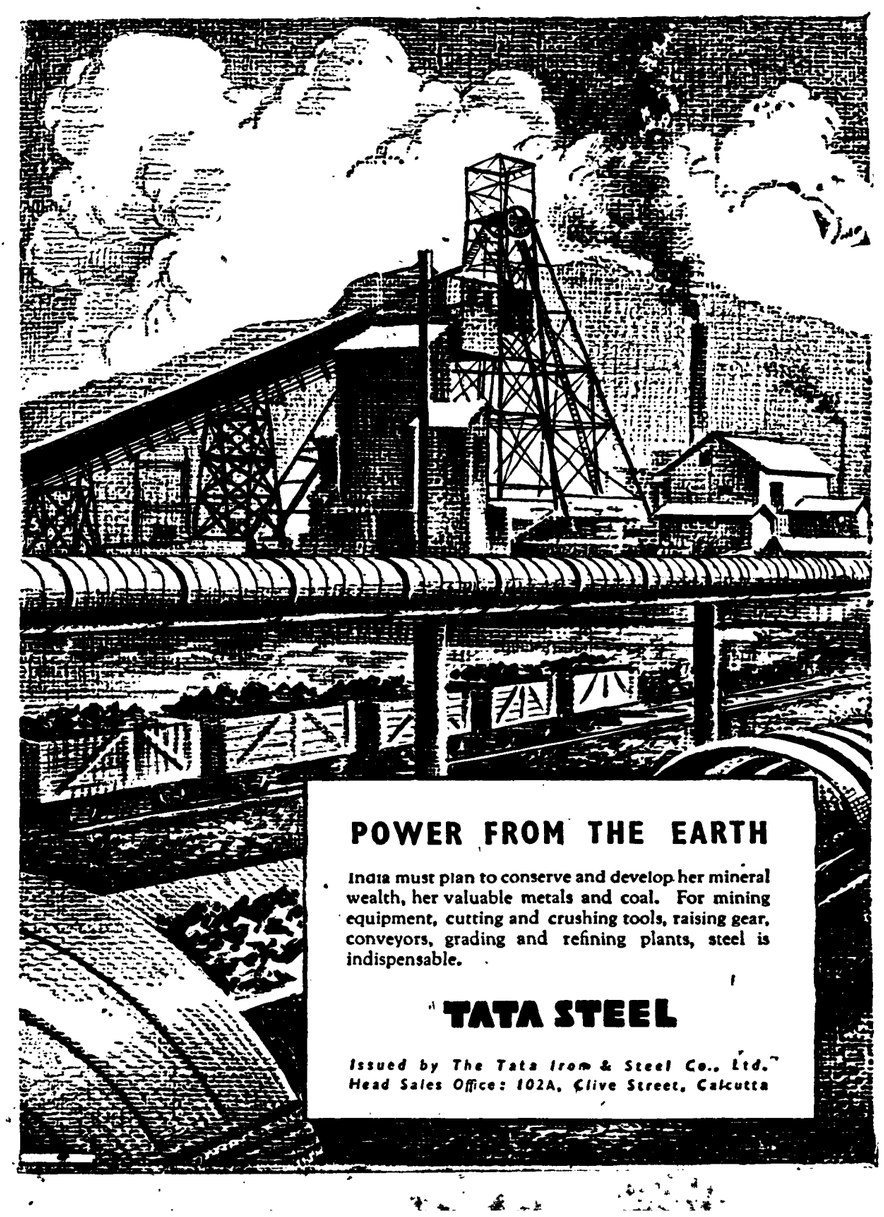
He is expected to look into labour disturbances and complete plans for changes in his administration.

John MacCormack Dead

DUBLIN, Sept. 16 (Reuter): Count John MacCormack, the Irish tenor, died to-night at his home in Dublin aged 61.

After singing in many countries of the world he retired in 1938.

MAY & BAKER LTD.



POWER FROM THE EARTH

India must plan to conserve and develop her mineral wealth, her valuable metals and coal. For mining equipment, cutting and crushing tools, raising gear, conveyors, grading and refining plants, steel is indispensable.

TATA STEEL

Issued by The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd.
Head Sales Office: 102A, Clive Street, Calcutta

Why be hot when a wash with Vinolia will make you cool? Why continue to feel "sticky" when the lather of this creamy soap can make and keep you fresh? And you'll always find the scent of Vinolia stimulating, *exhilarating*—it has a real tonic effect on the senses and nerves.

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VINOLIA CO., LIMITED, LONDON, ENGLAND

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Latest treatment for
HYDROCELE
No trouble of rubbing, annointing, bandaging nor any fomenting. Simply take 1-2-tablets a day with a little tepid water, preferably in the evening continue three courses and watch the amazing result. If the desease is of long stand, ing six courses may be administered.
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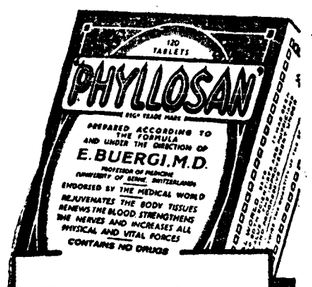
HYDRONIL
(ORAL TABLETS)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PHYLLOSAN
PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE FORMULA AND UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
E. BUERGI, M.D.
ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL WORLD
REJUVENATES THE BODY TISSUES
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CONTAINS NO DRUGS
R-e-v-i-t-a-l-i-z-e yourself!
If the stress of life is wearing you out, robbing you of mental vigour, physical energy—if you are ageing prematurely and feel that youth has gone for ever — *you should start taking 'Phyllosan' tablets to-day!*
Every inch of your body benefits when you take 'Phyllosan' tablets —blood, nerves, brain, heart, circulatory system. Every organ, every cell becomes charged with new vital force!
Soon you will begin to feel younger, heartier, more alive! Symptoms such as nervous exhaustion, palpitation, breathlessness, depression, loss of memory and power of concentration, will disappear.
And it is so simple. Just two tiny tablets three times a day before meals. But if you take the tablets *regularly*, the results will astonish you!

'PHYLLOSAN' is pronounced FILL-O-SAN
Of all Chemists & Stores
The regd. trade mark 'Phyllosan' is the property of Natural Chemicals Ltd., London, England.

Jobbing Operations Produce Minor Changes In Share Quotations

EARLY DROP IN BULLION MARKET ATTRACTS MODERATE SUPPORT

Cotton Hesitant With Liquidation And Covering

BOMBAY, September, 17.

It was a jobbers day on the Bombay Stock Exchange which produced minor changes in share quotations today. There was some selective buying and scattered liquidation. Tata Steel Defds. gained Rs. 17/- while Bombay Dyeings lost Rs. 10.

Bullion market opened quiet and prices declined under scattered selling but support appeared later and the market displayed steady tone.

Cotton was quietly steady with moderate selling following some short covering. The market was hesitant.

SHARE BAZAR

In the absence of any fresh development the local Stock Exchange was fairly steady with a restricted turnover. Trading was mostly of a jobbing nature which resulted in minor changes in quotations. Those who are inclined to take a constructive view of the market rely on a period of prosperity during the post-war while others do not believe present quotations attractive. Thus there was a marked absence of any import buying and selling. Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 2290 and declined to Rs. 2280 under scattered selling but recovered to Rs. 2286. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs 430 and after declining to Rs. 428 rallied to Rs 430. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs 1927 and declined to Rs 1920 and steadied at Rs. 1930. It appears that some important unloading was chiefly responsible for the drop in Bombay Dyeing Shares. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 599 and ruled quiet at Rs. 596. Tone of the market was quiet.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1927 Century 895 Nagpur 374 Swadeshi 544/8 New Great 384 Simplex 285 Kohinoor 596 Colaba 241/8 Gokak 290/8 Phoenix 650 Mysore 291/4 Indian Bleaching 166 Swan 305 Finlay 280 Morarji 78 1/8 Indore 666/4 Edward Sassoon 630

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 430 Tata Steel Defd 2285

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 202/8 Andhra 1522/8 Tata Power 1860 Tram Ord 148/4

CEMENT

Associated Merger 216/4

INDUSTRIES

Burma 563/12 Alcock 410 Bellapur 220 Shivrajpur 50/8 Steamer Ord 600 Scindia 37 Construction 210

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 3/15 Elphinstone 75 E. U. Ord 13/11 Defd 2/11/3 Indian Mig 3530 Kurla 241/4 Khatau 316/14 Dawn 1100 David 1300 New City 355 Minerva 235 Bradbury 325 Bharucha Dfds 8/1 Bharat 60/8 Madhavji 19/4 Model 248/12 Laxmi Cotton 1402/8 Vishnu Cotton 490 Western 2610 Sholapur 7000 Sassoon Cotton 24 Hindustan 38/10 Meyer Sassoon 197/8 Tata Mills 65 Ahd. Advance 403/2 Sassoon Silk 78 New Union 23 Poddar 320 Madhusudan 435 New 90 Shri Nivas 375 Raja Bahadur Poona 126/4 Berar 310

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad XR 170/10 Surat 243/12 Surat New Premium 118/2 Proach 12/4 Ajmer 14/14 Amalgamated 18/8 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 48 Bombay Suburban 210 New Premium 100

BANKS:

Reserve 139 Imperial 2205 P. P. 576 Central 82/12 India 189 Union 9 Baroda 143/8 Habib 81/8 International 48/8 A B C 34 Dena Bank 70 United 76/8 Jaipur 67 Hindustan 54 National Savings F P 73 P P 39/8 Mysore 388 Exchange 54 Bikaner 29/4

INSURANCE

Oriental 6600 Empire 1200 New India 83 Jupiter 31/8 Vulcan 16/14 Indian Mercantile 63/12 Universal 15/6 Vasant 25 Br L Ben 25 Bombay Life 875 Ind. Prud 51/8

RAILWAYS

Ad Prantij 722/8 C P 108 Mymensing Reb 116/8 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 112 Sara Serajganj 116/8 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Upper Sind 124 Pachora 98 Hoshiarpur 117/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 197/8 Burma Petrol 5/10 Tata Oil 69 Mackenzie 138/12 Port Canning 106/8 Zandu 211/4 Indian Radio Ord 400 B 411/4 Defd 425 Indian Investment Trust 116/12 Wimco 310 Tata Chemical 19/12 Dharamsi Chemical 35 Eastern Chemical 12/4 Mukund Iron 12/8 Dena Trust 23 Alembic 325/10 Supreme Industries 210 Jam Wire 130 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 35 India Cement (1937) 34 Walchand Nagar Industries 590 Kemp 500

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 326/4 Tata Steel Second 170/4 Tram 68/8 Andhra 1615 Tata Power 1722/8 Hydro 165/10 Bombay Steamer 347/8 Nagpur 732/8 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 125 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 300 New Great 251/4 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Const. 1st 135 Second 135 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 125 Walchand Industries 283/12

OTHER SHARES

Indian Iron 41/3 Bengal Steel 34/9 Indian Copper 3/3/6 B. I. C. 7/6 Burma Corporation 6/6 New Victoria Mill 7/15 Victoria Pref. 10 Cawnpore Tex 12/8 Raja Tex 69 Phalton 155 Gold Mohar 300 New Kaiser-Hind 2460 Sajjan 430 Osmanshahi 315 Ajamshahi 556 4

GOLD & SILVER

The Bullion market was quietly steady with a fair amount of business passing in the market. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 72/6 and declined to Rs. 71/13 under moderate liquidation and later rallied to Rs. 72/1. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 72/2. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 123/8 and advanced to Rs. 124/4 on professional buying but quietened at Rs 124 Ready Silver was placed at Rs. 124/2 It appears that local traders are inclined to await international developments. There is a move in the United States to raise the price of Silver. Trading was moderate and tone was barely steady.

The market moved within a narrow range and final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	125	4	0
Forward Silver	124	12	0
Ready Gold	72	6	0
Forward Gold	72	0	0
Sovereigns	50	2	0

BOMBAY COTTON

The local cotton market opened quiet and under scattered selling declined but at lower levels there was moderate short covering.

At the opening January was quoted at Rs. 411 and declined to Rs 409 under some liquidation but short covering appeared and January rallied to Rs. 410.

The existing premiums for distant deliveries seem attractive and several operators are likely to take advantage of the same against purchases of actual cotton and hedging in near months. When near months approach delivery periods these hedge sales will be transferred to distant months which provide fair margin of profit over and above actual cost of carrying over cotton. The export outlook is likely to play an important part in due course.

Later on there was some short covering and January improved to Rs. 411 and the market closed at 6 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. Sept.	350	0	0
I.C.C. Jan.	410	8	0
I.C.C. March	418	0	0
I.C.C. May	429	8	0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES.
BOMBAY, Sept. 15.

I.C.C. September Closing at 3 p.m. 380.

I.C.C. January Highest 413-1/4, Lowest 411-3/4, Closing at 3 p.m. 411.3/4.

I.C.C. March Highest 421, Lowest 419-1/4, Closing at 3 p.m. 419.1/4.

I.C.C. May Highest 431 Lowest 429-1/4, Closing at 3 p.m. 429-1/4.

Karachi 4F January Highest 42/12/9 Lowest 42/9/6. Closing at 3 p.m 42/12/0.

COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 695 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

BOMBAY PRODUCE

The local produce market was quietly steady with a restricted business and quotations do not show any important departure. Groundnuts G.I.P. quality were quoted at Rs 16/4 and Nizam State quality was placed at Rs. 15/14 September/October was quoted at Rs. 17 and December-February business was done at Rs. 16/3. Castorseeds Bombay stood at Rs. 15/8. Navlakhi at Rs. 15/9 and Goa delivery at Rs 15/10. Linseed C.P. and U.P. was done at Rs. 18/2 and Nizam State Linseed was quoted at Rs. 18. Tone was quietly steady.

HAPUR QUOTATIONS
HAPUR, Sept. 17.

Silver continues steady every effort made by bears counteracted by mills-wire pulling on high weekly back wardation, price movements were small Silver 124/10 Future 124 Gold 72 Guwar Maha 5/9/6 futures showed bearish tendency on speculative liquidations Bardana Ready 51/8 to 52 Asuj 50 Mangsir 49/4 Quiet Grains Wheat 10/4 Peas 8/6/9 Old 6/9 Arhar 7 Old 6/4 Gur 10/4 Jaggery Powder 11 markets steady to up Government expect to import considerable quantities of foodgrains.

CALICUT QUOTATIONS
CALICUT Sept. 17.

Cocoanuts Raw 80 Dry 85 Cocoanut-oil 345 Copra Office 220 Dilpasand 234 Madrasnottam 240 Goodgooda 240 Pepper Wynaad 345 Country 335 Drygingar Chernad 245 Ernad 230 Coffee Robusta 90.

BANKERS' CLEARING.

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 14-9-1945 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,19,563.

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 30,74,91,927-0-0.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Sept. 17

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advance 402/8 400 403/2 Apollo 3/15 3.14.6 3/15 Bharat 60/8 B. Dyeing 1932/8 21/4 26/4 20 28/12 22/8 26/4 25 Central India (Ord) 373/8 72/8 73/8 72/8 74/8 73 74 Colaba 246/8 48 42/8 44 40 43 8 41 8 Edward 632/8 31/4 32/8 30 Elphinstone (Ord) 75 Finlay 279/8 79 81 80 Gokak 292 91 92 90/8 India United Defd 2/11/6 2/11/2/12 2/11/3 India United Ord 13/11 13/10/6 13/11/6 13/11 Indore 665 66/4 62/8 66/4 Kohinoor 599 97/8 99/8 95 97/8 96 97 95/8 96/8 96 Meyer 187/8 Model 248/12 Morarjee 705 7/8 2/8 New City 355 New Great 382 85/8 84 Phoenix 648/12 50 Sassoon Cotton 21 Simplex 282/8 82 83/8 83 83 84 85 Swadeshi 544/8 41 45 44 45 44 44/8 Tata Mills 66 65 Vishnu 497/8 99 Central Provinces Rly. 108 Sara Siraj-Ganj 116/8

BANKS.

Baroda 144 43/8 Central 83 82/12 83 82/12 Imperial (Old) 2205 Imperial (New) 570 India 189/8 89 National Savings (P.P.) 39 Reserve 138/12 39 38/8 39 Union 8/14 9 United Commercial 76 77/4

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 170/10 Andhra Valley (Ord) 1825 22/8 Tram (Ord) 148/8 48 48/4 Tram (Pref) 69 68/8 Hydro (Ord) 202/8 2 2/8 Tata Power (Ord) 1860 62/8 60

INSURANCE

British India 25 Indian Mercantile 63/8 63/12 New India 83 83/4 83 Bombay Steam 592/8 600 Scindia 36/14 37 36/15 37/3 36/15 37 Jam Wire 130 Tata Steel Defd 2288/12 95 82/8 87/8 83/12 88/12 60 95 87/8 93/12 86/4 91/4 81/4 85 Tata Steel Ord 430 31 28/8 29/8 29 30 28/8 31 30 31 28/8 30 Tata Steel 2nd Pref 169/8 70/8 70/4

MISCELLANEOUS

A Cement 217 17/4 16/8 17/4 16/4 16/12 16/8 Belapur 217 21 20 Burmah (Old) 562/8 61/4 65 63/12 Burmah (New) 197/8 B. B Petrol 5/11 5/10 Port Canning 106/8 P. Construction (Ord) 210 P. Construction 2nd Pref 135 Shivrajpur 51 50/8 Tata Chemical (Ord) 19/12 19.13 19/10 Tata Chemical (Pref) 124/12 125 Tata Oil 70 68/8 69 Western India Match 312/8 11/4 Mymensingh G. Rly 116/8 Mandhra-Bhon Rly. 112 Surat Elect New 118/12 18/2 Indian Radio (Ord) 'A' 400 Kemp & Co. 500

Plans To Raise Price Of Imported Silver

WASHINGTON, Sept 15 (UPA). It is learned that although there are two billion ounces of Silver in the United States Treasury, the Office of Price Administration is working on an amendment to its Silver price regulation which will raise the price of imported Silver above the present fixed level of forty-five cents per fine ounce and thereby encouraging heavier shipments of silver into the United States, writes Sandor Klein, United Press of American Washington correspondent.

The increase may be as much as five or ten cents per ounce. American mined silver is fixed by law at seventy-one cents per ounce.

The reconversion of the electrical and other industries will require tremendous amounts of silver but the supply of foreign silver is almost exhausted and foreign producers are unwilling to sell to the United States because they can get higher prices elsewhere.

Meanwhile Senator Pat McCarran of Nevada urged that the Government price for domestic silver be increased to the full monetary value of one dollar twenty-nine cents per fine ounce.

Americans Purchasing Canadian Gold Stocks

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 (UPA.) A New York World-Telegram dispatch from Toronto today reported that Americans have been purchasing Canadian gold stocks at an estimated rate of one million dollars per week, according to United States figures.

The dispatch predicted that the boom would collapse as soon as "labour can be found to sink shafts into rock and hundreds of new gold mining companies, whose shares have been so widely sold in the United States, will have no excuse for not proving what they have got."

"In the past," the dispatch continued "most gold mining companies failed to find enough gold to make mining worthwhile. The market for some new securities has been showing an awareness lately at the end of the fishing season with sucker bait."

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, Sept. 15.

October	22.88—03
December	22.94—02
January	22 83—03
March	22.89—04
May	22.86—03
July	22.58—04
October	21.67—
Middling Spot	23.33—03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October	22.78
December	22 90
March	22.90
May	22.88
July	22.58
Middling Spot	22.40—05

INDIAN W. A. C. (I) CHIEF SLIGHTED

Not Consulted Whilst Making Major Changes Of Policy?

NEW DELHI, September 16 (A.P.I.)—Miss K. Ranga Rao, explaining the reasons for her recent resignation from the post of Deputy Chief Commander, W.A.C.(I) says:—

"In response to persistent requests from all sections of the press to discharge an obligation to the public, and to end speculation, I am making this statement:—

"When I accepted the appointment of Deputy-Chief Commander, Women's Auxiliary Corps (India) in December, 1944, I did so on the explicit understanding that I would have a voice in all questions of policy with special stress on recruitment, welfare and morale, and resettlement of Indian girls—subjects on which I had definite views.

"In the following months, major changes of policy and personnel were made without my knowledge, and against these I recorded my protest. My anxiety to contribute to the shaping of policy was even greater because I had reason to believe, that the well-being of the Corps, and particularly of the Indian girl in it, needed urgent attention—a fact that justified my appointment.

"Eight months is a long time to plead ignorance of conditions prevalent in the service, but I was still in no position to answer questions on it because there was no attempt made to enlighten me. Nor were communications addressed through the correct channels, brought to my notice, or relevant files shown to me. It was thus possible for an officer to resign and leave a position of responsibility, or for a member of the service to be promoted, degraded, released or dismissed, without my knowledge. There was no sign either that my schemes were being considered even in respect of recruitment, welfare and resettlement of the Indian girl.

"This made it clear to me that the avowed purposes of my appointment was not being achieved and that I had no real opportunity of discharging the responsibilities of my high office in the Corps. That such opportunity was not to be afforded to me was further borne out by the fact that though my office was that of second in command I was nevertheless superseded by a newly appointed deputy—an officer junior in rank.

"Under the circumstances there was no alternative but to resign. To have remained in the corps would have been to mislead the public into believing that I was a willing party to a policy with which I did not agree, the more so as my disagreements could not be made public.

"My interest in the corps remains and it is with deep regret that I feel forced to leave it."

U. S. O. W. I. CLOSED DOWN

WASHINGTON, September 16. (Reuter): The United States Office of War Information closed down last night. The domestic branch ended entirely while the State Department took over the overseas branch as its information service.

Mr. Henry Stimson, the Secretary for War, credited Offices of Psychological Warfare with "hastening surrender in all theatres".

VISNAGAR TO HAVE ARTS COLLEGE

BARODA Sept. 15 (A.P.I.)—Baroda State will have another Arts and Science College by the beginning of 1946. H.H. the Maharani of Baroda has received a donation of four lakhs of rupees from Seth Maneklal Manchand of Visnagar for the establishment of a College at Visnagar (Mehsana District). The College will be equipped for 500 students and a hostel for 200 students will be attached to it.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 17.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 Days/8d 1/5 7/32 1 and 2 months, 90 Days/8d 1/5 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D. D. 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 3/32.

LONDON-NEW YORK:

Banks selling T. T. Rs 332 3/4 D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs. 328.

LONDON-MONTREAL:

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 302 1/2 D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 297 3/4 D. D. Rs. 296 1/4

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p.c 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c., 12 months 1 1/4 p.c

Tone: Very easy.

KUTCH HUNDI
BHUJ Sept. 17.

Today Hundi Kories 390/8, 391/8.

MAITLAND CRAIG LUBRICANTS LTD.
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH GRADE LUBRICATING OILS AND GREASES
Selling Agents:
JAMES FINLAY & CO., LTD., Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

The Velvety smoothness is a natural gift but it can only be maintained by the careful selection of toilets. Use Velvet Snow by day and Velvet Cream at night to give your skin a lasting beauty.

P. M. BAGCHI & CO., LTD. CALCUTTA

Improvement on Nature....
GYNEXIFORM
HERING'S
Consult our "Clinical Department," for free medical advice on all your health problems, between 12 a.m. to 2 p.m., and 4 p.m. to 7-30 p.m. (Saturdays 12 a.m., to 4 p.m.) or write your case in detail and mail it to our "Clinical Department", with a stamped, self-addressed envelope for free diagnosis, prognosis and suggested treatment.
Since your figure is the most attractive asset, you owe it to yourself to see to its perfection. If nature has not been too generous with you, let GYNEXIFORM come to your aid. Absolutely new, it is the one certain way of achieving a fashionable, accentuated figure.
No matter what you have tried before or how old you are or how flat, sagging or oversized your figure may be, you can positively transform its appearance in a few weeks, into a dream of youthful loveliness, in the privacy of your own home, with GYNEXIFORM.
GYNEXIFORM SALVE No. 3: for developing infantile and flat figures, Rs. 18/-, per jar.
GYNEXIFORM SALVE No. 3A: for correcting sagging, Rs. 15/- per jar.
GYNEXIFORM SALVE No. 3B: for reducing Rs. 15/- per jar.
GYNEXIFORM DRAGEES: Hormone-Vitamin-Mineral Food Concentrate, for oral use. Enables women of 40, to regain figure like 20. Specific for "change of life" in women. PRICE: Rs. 18/- per container.
Gynexiform
FITS YOUR FIGURE TO FASHION
Help yourself to health ..... send for a copy of "HEALTH & VITALITY BY MODERN METHODS." Contains over 450 pages and 200 illustrations. Everything you want to know about the deformities of the female form, about hormones, vitamins, rejuvenation, is described in minutest detail. Send a M.O. or P.O. of Rs. 2/8, or by V.P.P. Rs. 2/10. ASK FOR A COPY OF OUR FREE CIRCULAR DESCRIBING ALL OUR PRODUCTS
HERING & KENT P. O. Box No. 323 (B.C.) Opp. Lloyds Bank, Hornby Rd., Fort, Bombay. Phone: 24297

MUTT AND JEFF—At Jeff's Boarding House The Landlady Is Very Punctual About Dinner By BUD FISHER

YOU SAY YOU WANNA JOIN MY SHOW?
YEH, I'M JEFF THE EGG EATING CHAMPION!
SEE THE SNAKE CHARMER AT MAXIES DIME MUSEUM
HOW MANY EGGS CAN YOU EAT AT ONE TIME?
OH, I CAN EAT THREE DOZEN CHICKEN EGGS, ONE DOZEN DUCK EGGS, AND ONE DOZEN GOOSE EGGS!
SOUNDS GOOD. BUT WE GIVE SIX SHOWS A DAY, NINE ON SATURDAY AND NINE ON HOLIDAYS!
NINE SHOWS ON SATURDAY
WHAT'S THE MATTER? CAN'T YOU DO IT?
OH, SURE I CAN DO IT!
BUT I'LL BE LATE FOR DINNER!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1|8|-.

To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Lady Doctor to work three hours morning, in dispensary Thakurdwar. Write with honorarium acceptable Box No. 9381, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications for the following posts should reach the undersigned before 7th October, 1945:—(1) Lecturer in Persian and Urdu. (2) Lecturer in German. Minimum qualification required is B.A. (First Class) or M.A. (Second Class) in the subject concerned. G. B. Jathar, Principal, Khalsa College, Bombay. (8371)

Wanted Graduate Teachers to teach maths. science, English, etc. on pay and grade mentioned below:—B.A. 60-5-100; B.Sc. 75-5-100. M.A. 75-5-120: B.T. 80-5-125; Under graduate 45-3-75; T.D. or S.T.C. Rs. 7 more; Physical Instructor, Kandivli Trained 50-5-80. Benefit of P. F. and D.A. of Rs 6 Trained and experienced preferred. Should be prepared to join immediately. Apply Secretary, Educational Committee, Victoria Jubilee Madressa High School, Porbunder, before 30th September. 4805

Wanted: Permanent Organising Assistants residing in Lower Parel, Mahalaxmi, Grant Road, Nala Sopara, Girgaum, Tardeo, Gowaliatank, Matunga, Worli, and Dahanu suburbs. Aptitude for salesmanship and out-door organisation in Life Insurance essential. High prospects and training given. Apply, to the Manager, The Argus Insurance Company, Ltd., 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. (9305)

Wanted Salesman in all important towns for booking orders and distributing our Acme Biscuits and confectionery products on pay Rs. 60|- P.M. plus commission ranging upto 5% according to sales. Write with full particulars and experience to the Manager, Modi Supplies Corporation Ltd., Modinagar, Begamabad (U.P.). 4773

Wanted: Copyholders on Salary of Rs. 50 plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8 as. Minimum qualification Matriculation. Apply with certificate to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Sole Distributors for our Government tested and unconditionally guaranteed Sinco Hydraulic Brake Fluid for use in cars, buses and lorries for the whole of Bombay Presidency. Only firms experienced in the line need apply with minimum sales guarantee to the National Gas and Automobile Corporation, 'Radha Bhaban', 9, Hailey Road, New Delhi. (9363)

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted suitable accommodation for factory with power connection of about 5 to 10 H.P. Area about 2000 sq. ft. within Bombay City area. Please write with full particulars Post Box No. 525, Bombay 1. (9374)

TO BE LET

To Let a Shed near Darukhana, Mazagaon, floor area 854 square yards, suitable for a light workshop, factory or godown, on monthly tenancy or long lease. Alterations to the existing structure could be arranged to suit by mutual agreement. Apply Box No. 4601, "Bombay Chronicle."

FLATS WANTED

Flats Wanted—Wanted two flats for offices permanent. Write Box No. 9320, "Bombay Chronicle."

MEDICAL ADLETS

Esty Brand Tablets—Calcium Gluconate with Vitamins A & D and also many other varieties of tablets manufactured according to official formulas. Ask your chemist. Tablets Limited, P.B. 67, Madras. Bombay Office: 11, Western India House, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, Bombay. (4653)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for Sale our high quality cigarettes and pipe tobacco in every city and town. Write for samples and agency terms. Oriental Tobacco Co., P. B. No. 190, Cawnpore. (4796)

Wanted Agents for Coffee, Honey, Beeswax. Apply with Postage Azad-Bharat Distributors, Bellary 9797

Wanted Agents or Wholesale Dealers. The Krishna Button Mg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). (9376)

Wanted Influential Chief Agents and Organisers on Decent terms. Apply—Oriental Provident Insurance Ltd., 23, Canning Street, Calcutta. 4481

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale.—A free-hold plot of land, measuring about twelve Hundred square yards, bearing No. 23 and situated at Ramnagar estate, Dombivli Patharli, Taluk Kalyan, Dist. Thana, is offered for sale to the person offering the highest price till 15th July, 1945. Persons desiring to purchase it should correspond with Mr. Pran Nath Seth, Advocate, Receiver estate, Mohanlal. Seva Sadan, Civil Lines, Cawnpore. (9378)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Red Oxide, Purple Oxide, Black Oxide, Barytis, Manganese Dioxide, Magnesite, Corundum, Fire Clay, Gypsum, Felspar—Dare Traders, Post Box 540, Madras. (9377)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED to fill the following gazetted posts in the Bengal Agricultural Service from male candidates of different communities as shown against each:—

Post.	Community for which Reserved.
i. Superintendent of Agriculture	Muslim
ii. Assistant Agricultural Engineer	Muslim
iii. Public Relations Officer, Directorate of Agriculture	Muslim
iv. Second Agronomist Bengal Agricultural Institute	Muslim
v. Assistant Botanist	Muslim
vi. Bio-Chemist	Non-Muslim
vii. Statistical Officer	Non-Muslim
viii. Professor of Agricultural Economics	Non-Muslim
ix. Assistant Live-stock Expert	Scheduled Castes.

Persons having lien on substantive appointments under the Government of Bengal are not eligible to apply.

PAY—The posts are permanent and pensionable and carry a scale of pay of Rs. 150-25-200-25|2-300-50|2-650 (efficiency bar after the 18th stage). In cases of specially qualified candidates initial pay at a rate higher than the minimum of the scale may be granted on the basis of their qualifications, age and experience.

AGE—Must not be over 25 years on 1-10-45. The age limit will be relaxed upto 35 years in the case of a candidate possessing special qualifications.

QUALIFICATIONS—

Superintendent of Agriculture—must possess a degree in Agriculture of an Indian or foreign University or a degree in Science and the diploma of a recognised College of Agriculture, provided that a candidate having a University degree only or the diploma of a College outside Bengal should have practical experience in agriculture of the Province of Bengal.

Assistant Agricultural Engineer—must possess a degree in Mechanical Engineering or Agricultural Engineering of an Indian or foreign University: experience in designing and application of agricultural machinery will be considered additional qualifications.

Public Relation Officer, Directorate of Agriculture—must possess a degree in Agriculture of an Indian or foreign University or a degree in Science and the diploma of a recognised College of Agriculture, provided that a candidate having a University degree only or the diploma of a College outside Bengal should have practical experience in agriculture of the Province of Bengal: journalistic experience and ability to conduct propaganda work will be considered an additional qualification.

Second Agronomist, Bengal Agricultural Institute—must possess a degree in Agriculture of an Indian or foreign University: experience in teaching Agronomy in an agricultural Institute or College will be considered an additional qualification.

Assistant Botanist—must have a B.Sc. degree with Botany or B.Ag. or equivalent degree of an Indian or foreign University: must have post-graduate training in plant breeding, preferably at the Imperial Agricultural Research Institute must have ability to conduct plant breeding work and sound knowledge of crop botany.

Bio-Chemist—must have a B.Sc. or B.Ag. or equivalent degree of an Indian or foreign University: must have Post-graduate training in Bio-chemistry: experience in compost making from town refuses will be considered an additional qualification.

Statistical Officer—must have an M.A. or M.Sc. degree in Statistics or an M.A. or M.Sc. degree in Mathematics with Post-graduate training in Statistics: experience in the designing and interpreting of agricultural experiments will be considered an additional qualification.

Professor of Agricultural Economics—must have a first class Master's Degree in Economics of an Indian University or an Honours Degree in Economics of a foreign University: must have Post-graduate experience in Agricultural economics: experience in gathering and interpreting agricultural statistics and ability to conduct research in rural economics will be considered an additional qualification.

Assistant Live Stock Expert—must have a degree in Agriculture or a graduate in Veterinary Science, followed by a Post-graduate degree or diploma in Animal Husbandry of an Indian or foreign University or of a recognised Institute: experience in teaching Animal Husbandry will be considered an additional qualification.

Full details and applications forms may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 2nd October, 1945. 4793

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals), Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Dated the 13th September, 1945.

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for purchase and removals of the following materials lying at Central Provision Depot, Dehu.

ITEM NO.	NOMENCLATURE:	QUANTITY:	CONDITION:
1.	Chesses. (7'-6" long x 12" wide x 2" thick).	1446 Nos.	Serviceable.

2. Description of Stores:—This is a plank of Hard Wood (probably Aini Wood) of uniform size, except the two ends which are only 10" wide for a length of 9". The plank weighs 45 lbs.. and is treated with creosote.

3. The materials will be sold without any guarantee as to their condition or quantity and subject to condition of Contract Con. 117 (Copy obtainable from Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Queen's Road, Bombay).

4. Samples of the materials can be inspected in this office or they can be viewed at site by previous appointment with stockholder.

5. Offers in tenderers' own form in a sealed cover superscribed Tender No. CS|SYD|4492 due on 24-9-45 should reach this office not later than 4 p.m. on 24-9-45. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 500|- deposited as earnest money in Imperial Bank or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Bombay under Head of Account "Revenue Deposits." The Deposit is refundable to unsuccessful tenderers.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 3-10-45 delivery should be completed ex site within fifteen days of receipt of acceptance of offers. No assistance will be offered in obtaining transport facilities, railway wagons, etc.

7. Tenderers will be at libert, to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. Rates should be quoted per 100 Nos.

8. This office is at liberty to reject all or any portion of offers received. (4788)

IN BASIC SOLUTION OF CLOTH-FAMINE

ORIENTAL · COTTON CULTIVATION & MILLS, LTD.

Regd. Office: 162, Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA.

ESTD. 1943.

COTTON GARDEN: TRIPURA Cotton Estate, Tipperah.

MILL SITE: GARIA, 24, Paraganas.

DIVIDEND
Paid
1943 ..... 10%
1944 ..... 15%

SHARES STILL AVAILABLE AT PAR

WANTED AGENTS FOR SALE OF SHARES.

Particulars on Request.

Managing Director:
Mr. D. GANGULI, M.A.

(4725)

ARYAN PAPER MILLS, LIMITED.

Head Office: 12, Chowringhee Sq., CALCUTTA.

Mills & Plantations: Mahuda (B. N. Ry.)

- Necessary advances already made for up-to-date Machinery plants from England.
- Plantation of Paper Pulp materials already started in the Company's own land.
- Managing Agents will not take any remuneration before tax free dividend of at least 5% & 6% to Ordy. & Pref. shareholders respectively.

SHARES ARE STILL AVAILABLE AT PAR

MODE OF PAYMENT

Ordy. shares of Rs. 10|- each:—

Re. 1|- with application, Re. 1|- within a month of allotment and the balance in four equal instalments.

Pref. shares of Rs. 100|- (tax-free cumulative) each:—

Rs. 10|- with application & the balance within seven days of allotment.

An admission fee of Re. 1|- required for each application for shares.

WANTED AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF SHARES FOR UNREPRESENTED AREAS.

Government consent obtained to this issue of Capital, on condition that so much of the Capital as cannot in that Government's judgment be properly expended until some uncertain future date is kept invested in prescribed securities not to be released until the Central Government, (in consultation with the Crown Representative if any Indian State interests are involved), is satisfied that the time has come to make corresponding payments for purposes which are consistent with the enforcement of any measures of control or restriction that may be in operation at the time when such release is applied for. In giving this consent the Government do not take any responsibility for financial soundness of any scheme or for correctness of statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.

S. N. D. T. INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

APPLICATIONS for examinerships are invited, on or before the 15th of October, 1945, for all examinations to be held in 1946 by the S. N. D. THACKERSEY INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY, (1, Carnegy Road, Queen's Road, Fort, Bombay No. 1). Application form can be obtained from the Honorary Registrar on payment of Annas Four. 4774

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 182179 on the Life of Mr. S. G. Savanur of Dharwar Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) H. E. JONES,
Manager.
(9375)

PUBLIC NOTICES

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following subjects have been selected for the Tagore Law Professorship for the years 1945 and 1946.

SUBJECTS FOR 1945.

(i) Civil Liberties during Peace and War.
(ii) Development of Administrative Law, with special reference to British India.
(iii) Moslem law of Wakf and Endowments.

SUBJECTS FOR 1946

(i) The Law relating to Mines and Minerals with special reference to British India.
(ii) History of the Development of Hindu Law from the time of the Institutes of Manu to the end of the Moghul period.
(iii) Law of Banking.

The Professor for each year will be expected to deliver a course of not less than twelve lectures on one of the subjects prescribed for the year. The salary of the Professor is Rs. 9,000.

Candidates for the Professorship are required to forward their applications to the Registrar ON OR BEFORE THE 1ST SEPTEMBER, 1946, stating on which of the subjects prescribed they are prepared to lecture. Each candidate will forward, with his application, one hundred copies of a brief synopsis of his proposed lectures, and an equal number of copies of the text of the first or introductory lecture, it being understood that the synopsis should not be a mere enumeration of headings, but should be such that it would be possible for the Examiners to form therefrom an idea both of the subject matter and the method of treatment.

The Professor will, not later than the expiry of twelve months from the date of his election, forward to the Registrar a complete copy (manuscript or typewritten) of the lectures which he proposes to deliver. The copy will be forthwith referred by the Faculty of Law to a Committee of not more than three persons to be selected for their special competence in this behalf, who will examine the same, and before the expiry of two months from the date of the submission of the copy by the Professor to the Registrar, report to the Faculty whether the work is complete and ready for the Press. If, upon such report, the Faculty are satisfied that the work is complete, the professor will commence to deliver his lectures within three months from the date of the resolution of the Faculty and shall complete the delivery thereof in another three months. The copy of the lectures delivered will remain in the custody of the Registrar and shall be sent to the Press as soon as practicable, after delivery thereof.

If the Professor fails to submit the copy of the lectures, or if the copy submitted be found, on examination, to be incomplete and not ready for the Press, the matter will be referred to the Faculty of Law, upon whose recommendation the Senate may either extend the time or cancel the appointment.

S. K. DUTT,
Registrar (Offg.)

Senate House,
The 12th September, 1945.
(4799)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the Posts of (1) a Workshop Superintendent and (2) a Transport Officer. The grade for Item (1) is Rs. 200-10-300+Rs. 30|- Motor Cycle Allowance and the qualifications required are a degree in Mechanical and|or Electrical Engineering and practical experience of work in some large concerns and technical knowledge of Mechanical and Automobile Engineering. For Item (2) the grade is Rs. 100-5-175+Rs. 30|- Motor Cycle Allowance. The candidate should have sound knowledge of Automobile Engineering and practical experience of transport system; he should also be able to command the batch of drivers and fitters for exacting proper work out of them. Applications stating age, caste, qualifications, previous experience along with testimonials, if any, should reach the Undersigned on or before 30th September 1945. Higher initial start may be considered for a really competent hand.

(Sd.) M. A. PATEL,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Dated 12th September, 1945.
4798

ROHTAS INDUSTRIES LIMITED.
14-9-45

LOST: 100 ordinary shares bearing Distinctive Nos. 35498 to 35597 registered in the name of M|s. Dayaram Duriabhbhai and Ishwarlal Dayaram Randeri of Bombay vide transfer endorsement No. T. 2693, dated 18-2-44 having been lost and application for duplicate certificate having been made notice is hereby given that duplicate certificate for the said shares will be issued on expiry of 15 days of this date unless, valid objections, claims or representations are lodged with the undersigned. Any person dealing in this above shares in contravention of this notice would be doing so at his own risk.

(Sd.) CHETAN DAS MEHRA,
I|C Share Department.
4804

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

WANTED IMMEDIATELY CANDIDATES for the temporary posts of Junior Godown Keepers under the Food Controller, Bombay.

Qualifications required:

(a) Physical and general ability to work in the godowns;
(b) Literacy sufficient to keep simple godown accounts;
(c) Previous experience of stock keeping or similar work of the same kind;
(d) Previous experience in handling of grain;

PAY:—Rs. 80-5-110 plus 22 p.m. Dearness Allowance.

2. Applications should be taken personally or sent to the Food Controller, Royal Institute of Science Building, Bombay, so as to reach him on or before the 26th September, 1945.

R. R. RANA,
Establishment Officer,
Finance Department (Supply),
Bombay.
(4803)

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the Policy numbered 147375 on the life of Nagnath Yadav Sant of Ahmedabad. Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

H. E. JONES,
Manager.
Bombay, 17th September 1945.
(4802)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SALEH ISAAC IDA and MICHEAL ISAAC IDA, both of Bombay Jew Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:

All that piece or parcel of Government Leasehold land, being Plot No. 110 in Block II of the Back Bay Reclamation estate of the Government of Bombay, within the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one thousand one hundred and sixty-eight square yards or thereabouts together with the building and tenements known as Roshera and garrages standing thereon and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North by Plot No. 111 of the said estate, on or towards the South by Dinshaw Wacha Road, on or towards the East by Plot No. 109 and part of Plot No. 108 of the said estate and on or towards the west by a roadway between Dinshaw Wacha Road and Jamsetji Tata Road and which said piece of land is registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under Rent Roll No. 10023 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 1555 of the Fort Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under A. Ward Nos. 1315 (12-A), 1315 (12-AA) and 1315 (12-AB) and Street Nos. 4 and 11, 11-A. 11-B.

Dated this 15th day of September, 1945.

AMIN DESAI & NANAVATI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4795)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MEHERBANOO, widow and Administratrix of Jehanbux Pestonji Bhandara of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant, has contracted to sell to our clients Messrs. Narotam Premji Ponda, Nagindas Manekial Shah and Kaluram Gulabchand Funamia all of Dahnu, Hindu Inhabitants, the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim of any sort against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land, together with one Bungalow, one house, and three wells and the trees in the garden attached to the premises situate at Bazar Road, Dahnu in the Registration Sub-District of Dahnu, bearing Collector's Survey No. 2, Hissa No. 1 and City Survey Nos. 671 and 675, admeasuring 4 acres 22 Gunthas and Kharaba 17 Gunthas and bounded on the East by Dahnu Road, North by the property of Goverdhan Lalji, West by the Sea and on the South partly by the property of Sukanchand Punamchand and partly by the property of Kesharchand Jethaji.

Dated this 15th day of September, 1945.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
4800

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF THE GOODWILL RIGHT OF TENANCY, FURNITURE, FIXTURES, FITTINGS ETC. AND THE STOCK-IN-TRADE OF THE HOSIERY BUSINESS KNOWN AS HAJI EBRAHIM ESSAK AT CHAKLA STREET.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Estate of the late Haji Ebrahim Essak, M|s BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 24th September 1945 at 3-30 p. m. (N. S. T.) at Chakla Street in two separate lots, (1) The Goods lying in the said shop, either together or in lots and (2) The Goodwill Right of Tenancy, Furniture, Fixtures, Fittings, etc.

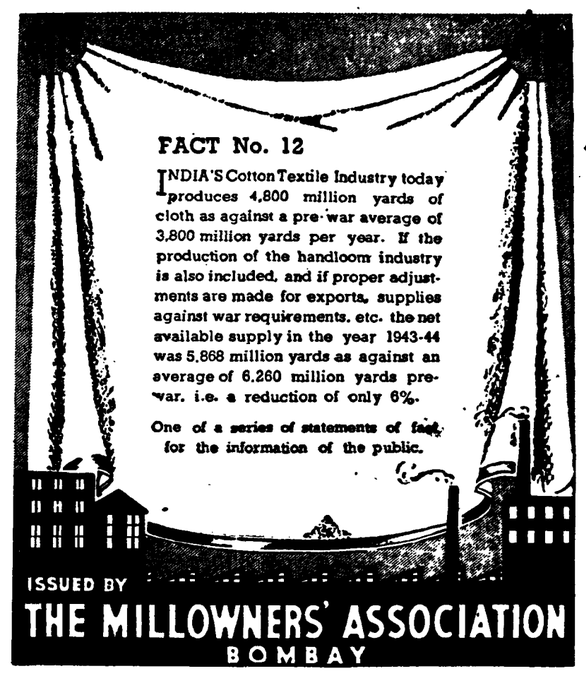
Private offers are invited and will be entertained till 19th September '45. Private offers should be addressed in sealed envelopes to the Trustees of the estate of the late Haji Ebrahim Essak c|o M|s. Merwanji Kola & Co., Solicitors or Messrs. Mulla & Mulla, Solicitors and must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 25% in cash. The acceptance of private offers will be subject to the sanction of the Court.

At the sale by auction a deposit of Rs. 25% in cash will have to be paid by the purchaser of each lot.

The shop will remain open for inspection by the public on 14th, 15th, 17th and 18th inst. and from 20th to 24th inst.

For further particulars apply to the abovementioned Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,
Auctioneers.


FACT No. 12
INDIA'S Cotton Textile Industry today produces 4,800 million yards of cloth as against a pre-war average of 3,800 million yards per year. If the production of the handloom industry is also included, and if proper adjustments are made for exports, supplies against war requirements, etc. the net available supply in the year 1943-44 was 5,868 million yards as against an average of 6,260 million yards pre-war, i.e. a reduction of only 6%.
One of a series of statements of fact for the information of the public.
ISSUED BY
THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION
BOMBAY

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